

Sidi Mahomed, Sultan of Morocco, just deceased, seems to have been a man much in advance of the barbarism which he nominally ruled. After having received severe punishment at the hands of Spain, with which country he provoked a foolish and needless war in 1800, he revised his notion of the European powers and inclined to conciliate them for purposes of improvement and trade. Afterwards the Sultan introduced some elements of civilization into his wild Empire, prominent among which were practical measures for the better security of navigation. Gradually as remote and barbarous nations are opened to trade, as now in Morocco, we may look for their redemption to some profitable uses.

Together with a stable currency in the United States we need a uniform time. Between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans we must by and by matters so adjusted that six o'clock in Portland, Me., will mean six o'clock in San Francisco. That the sun rises and sets at actually different hours at places in different longitudes must not interfere with the realization of this idea. This project has already been measurably put in practice under Mr. Langley's plan, who furnishes the standard time from his observatory near Pittsburgh to the Pennsylvania Central Railroad and some other main roads. At the present time a train, running from New York to Chicago by the southern route, was successively the local times of Philadelphia, Altoona and Columbus; thus multiplying its risks of collision and necessitating the employment of much extra executive mechanism by the road. A single standard time will make travel safer and the management of railways simpler. And not for railroads only but for the entire public, and for all purposes there should be but one time east of Mississippi and not more than two on the continent.

The financial crisis in New York shows anew what every thinking person has always known in a general way; that excitement, however legitimate at first, becomes at length irrational and swiftly contagious. Mr. Camp, General Manager of the Clearing House, endeavored to calm the excitement on Sunday, and although accustomed to the demonstrations which attend sudden changes in the money and stock market, remarked, "Why, the people are wild, they are crazy!" That is the precise fact and the worst feature of the case. If men could keep their mental balance, and judge of the extent of an apparent calamity by the same well-ried rules which they apply with calmness to ordinary events, nine-tenths of the force would be anticipated and forestalled. But they yield and succumb, cry and curse, until their heated imagination sees things in a dream. What a blessing would that man merit who could administer some anesthetic potent enough to put all the stock-jobbers to sleep for two weeks. They would wake and find that the crisis had passed and nobody hurt but the fools who deserve to be. The "hour" needs a delegation of doctors and a hog-head of chloroform.

"Almost." Our saying of the other day, that no matter how many times a mechanical project is demonstrated to be self-contradictory, some one else will try it, receives a fresh illustration from the statement of a wooden-headed enthusiast on in Terre Haute, that he has almost hit upon a plan to "harness gravitation," which when quite complete will give the world a perpetual motion. That "almost" is the everlasting, ever-recurring *lupus futuri* which has lost thousands of millions in the swamp of disappointment and ultimate insanity. The alchemists of the middle ages frequently came near enough to finding the unknown solvent which would turn all bases into gold to miss it, and the over the dust and ashes of their useless alchemies. The patient, tireless psycho-analyst, who has in some form pursued his quest in all nations and times, often came "almost" near enough to the secret of life to be able to destroy death, but failed in time to take of his own ignorance. So, as we said, it will always be, yet a pity that so much genius and toil should be wasted in false lines of labor.

The Action of the Savings Banks.
The action of the savings banks in demanding sixty days' notice of their depositors must be highly commended. The payment of all claims of \$100 and under supplied all those who really needed money, while the adoption of this precaution took away all possibility of danger from a run that might have been made. The banks have all the institutions and drawn all the others in their train. The savings banks have been the backbone of the market. But on general grounds also this action is highly satisfactory. Of course the savings banks have drifted very closely to the character of common banks, a great many depositing in them and drawing upon them as they would on an ordinary bank. But the very purpose for which they are created is to be a safe place for the savings of the poor, and by concentrating them and lending them on safe security make them productive of profit to the depositors. The nature of the business requires loans as nearly as possible to the line of deposits, and mainly upon long time. The safety and interest of the depositors require that conversion of the securities, if made at all, should be made slowly and without a sudden shock. Ordinarily to keep a show of being what they are not expected to be, they sacrifice securities to provide funds for paying depositors on demand, which depositors do not expect when they entrusted their money to their keepers. We are inclined to think it would be a good thing for the country if savings banks would enforce this rule at all times, and so increase the conservatism of their business and divorce from it whatever of ordinary banking may have crept into it.

On Shows and Shadows.
Unless we greatly mistake the devil, in ancient times, was widely renowned for the facility with which he could quote scripture. A frequent attendance upon the session of the Jewish Sanhedrin could hardly have posted up his infernal majesty better in respect to the sacred manuscripts. His tongue dropped words as readily as that of the modern Calliope mule-driver drove oaths. And we have no evidence that Satan ever misquoted the bible, although he often made very doubtful comments on it, and selected the inspired authors to many a far-fetched exegesis. But what is perfectly safe for a person so thoroughly well-informed and scholarly as the devil unquestionably is, may be risky for some less arduous student of holy writ. Yet just such like apprentices are the very fellows who are always trying to preach. Thus the New York World of yesterday proceeded to read the lesson for the day as follows:

"The good book tells us that 'man walketh in a vain shadow,' and disquieteth himself in vain; he beareth up riches and cannot tell who shall gather them'—all which propositions, as applied to members of Congress, Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania devotes. He believes in the efficacy of shadows."

Now, with the text, so far as it applies to the Senator from Pennsylvania, we have nothing to do. Cameron may "believe in the efficacy of shadows" or he may not. If he does, so far as we care, all right. Shadows are good things sometimes, and have an excellent knack of staying in their places, if they have to move to do it. "The man walketh in a vain shadow," and we need not have to do with the efficacy of shadows to perform that task. Nor "shadows," oh, hard-hearted and tick-naked Marlow, but *shows*. There is no

such nonsense in the world (except in the World) as a "vain shadow." There are lots of "vain shows," to which the price of admission is always in the nature of a swindle. If it should occur to us we should remark that possibly modern democracy is one of them. But we shan't go out of the limits of this class to talk politics. Let that piece of symmetrical statuary which sits the World go down to Wall Street, gaze on the ruins of the burst railway balloon, then borrow a bible from the Tribune office and read Psalm XXXIX.

THE DYING PANIC.
Our telegraphic dispatches indicate that the storm that has strewn Wall Street with wrecks within the past few days has spent its force, and we have every reason to believe business will resume its accustomed regularity in a few days. The panic started with worthless railroad securities, and the destruction it has wrought has been mainly in that direction, its other victims being chiefly hit in an accidental way. Once started of course a panic is uncontrollable, but beyond the circle of gamblers and speculators there was really no reason for it, as mercantile and banking interests are in a conservative rather than a risky condition. Nothing could have been sadder than the run upon the savings banks, except such as had railroad bonds among their securities, and other banking concerns are in a strong condition. But the situation is such as to require calmness on the part of the business public, and the most conservative action. No house doing a legitimate business need fear, for it will require only a few hours' reflection on the part of the people now crazy to set things straight. Let everybody quell the prophets of ill omen, keep their business well in hand, and press nobody, and all will go well. The worst hurt are the gamblers, and the more they lose the better for the general public. If the list of those who have failed by buying on a margin, which is the very essence of gambling, could have been made twice as long, the tone of the market would have been improved for some time, and perhaps started a public sentiment that would not have been satisfied until every margin gambler was indicted.

We think the President did wisely in refusing to break the law to throw the reserve notes upon the market. We are glad to see, though it is at a late date, that he is becoming reluctant to use doubtful powers. Subsequent events have also shown that was not sufficient necessity for thus enlarging the legal tender circulation. The stress is passing over, and we beg our readers not to gamble in stocks, and not to be so silly as to run savings banks. If people will just stand still and keep up ordinary courage everything will come out right.

CURRENT TOPICS.
—That Civil Service Commission has a hard time. Now Mr. Eaton's kicking up a rumpus.
—That measure of all measures, trying to throw the blame of wrong-doing on dead men's shoulders, is to be tried by the Brooklyn Treasurer Sprague, who will attempt to shift the blame of his recent defalcations on the dead Mills.
—Claverack has organized an Improvement Association. The objects are new sidewalks, the opening of new streets and so on. Rev. A. Flack, always on hand for every good thing, is at the head of the movement. We hope for an added lease of life and usefulness to one of the best educators and business men of the river counties.

—Rev. Campbell wants to put all the Republicans in the White House, and then blow it up with a mine. There's one grain of sense in his proposition—he proposes to stand near enough to get blown up himself.

NEWS OF THE DAY.
—Cattle telegraphs from London that there is a universal expression of sympathy for Jay Cooke & Co.
—Four hundred and eighteen coolies were drowned in the ship *Indus* in the Indian Ocean.
—Anna Dickinson has become a great climber. She has just ascended Long's Peak.
—A strange and singular fatal disease has appeared in Kilton, Utah. Persons die within a few hours after being attacked. It comes great conservatism.

VICINITY.
—South Westerly has the measles and itch.
—Vratsville is talking a little about incorporating.
—The Crawford Road now only asks three cents a fare per mile.
—Leeds boasts of a new quarry of superior stone.
—Monticello has struck iron, and a mine is to be started.
—The Poughkeepsie News insists it is not an organ of Mr. Whitehouse or anybody else.
—Warwick has made 54,000 gallons of apple-kak.
—Scranton has the small-pox; about a dozen cases.
—The Boston & Albany R. R. is building a 3,000 feet switch at Claverack.
—Wm. F. Smith of Ancram saws wood in his 82d year, and talks of getting married.
—A Roman Catholic church is being built at Rockland Lake.
—Newburgh will pave its Water street with Belgian.

—Mr. Gibbons of Coeymans jumped from a scaffold, when he was caught upon a hook under his arm. His flesh was badly torn.
—Poughkeepsieans shoot robbers. Stop talking about "Clerical Court horrors," Davis, until these things are hanging.
—The Orange Co. Line Co. has dropped making lime and commenced the manufacture of lager.
—Cochecton has a new circular saw-mill of the capacity of 20,000 feet per day, and is to have a grist mill.
—The Middletown papers are inquiring by what authority the President of that village orders the release of drunks from the jail.
—The Middletown Mercury gives a legal dead-bait a free notice, and warns all dead-baiters to look out in future.

—The plan of enclosing the depot is to be followed on the entire line of the Hudson R. R. It operates as the most efficient check upon the conductors.
—Isaac Holbrook of Coeymans had his arm drawn into the cylinder of a broom-corn machine on Friday, and the flesh was torn from it in a dreadful manner.
—Rev. Wm. N. Sayre not only dispenses spiritual light to the people of Pine Plains, but he also illuminates the village streets with kerosene. He charges \$9 per lamp a year, fifteen nights per month.
—A Deckerstown woman wants the champion belt. She has seventy-four buttons on her bodice. If she gets the belt there will have to be a dozen buckles.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.
—A proclamation of the Governor General promulgated calling together the Canadian Parliament for the 23d of October.
—Captain Jones and others of the Yellowstone expedition arrived at Omaha from the west yesterday. The remainder of the party arrive on Thursday.
—The customer journeyman shoemakers of Philadelphia are on a strike.
THE WEATHER.
—To-Day's Probabilities.
For the southeast and southwest, cloudy weather and rain.

TELEGRAPH. THE EBBING TIDE.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN

FOREIGN.

TURKEY.

A Destructive Conflagration in Smyrna.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 28.—A conflagration in Smyrna has destroyed property to the amount of \$300,000.

FRANCE.

A Promise From Chambord.
PARIS, Sept. 28.—It is reported that Count de Chambord has given his supporters assurance of a peaceful policy, especially with regard to Italy, in case he should be placed on the French throne.

GERMANY.

Emmanuel and William.
BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The King of Italy took leave of Emperor Francis Joseph yesterday and left for this city, where he arrived to-day and was received with marked cordiality by the court and great enthusiasm by the populace.
Gen. Von Manteuffel, who was commander-in-chief of the German army of occupation in France, has been appointed Field Marshal.

It is rumored that one of the objects of King Victor Emmanuel's visit to Prussia is to secure an understanding with the Emperor for joint action against possible French aggression, and prevent the election of a French ultramontane to the papacy.

GREAT BRITAIN.

An Editor Fined.
LONDON, Sept. 28.—Chief Justice Cockburn has fined the editor of the *Cheltenham Chronicle* £750 for publishing a criticism on the conduct of the trial of the Tichborne claimant and threatens him with imprisonment if the offense is repeated.
Mr. Barnett, Conservative, has been returned to Parliament from Dover.

DETENTION OF THE MURKLO.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Spanish steamer *Murklo*, which ran down the emigrant ship *Northfleet*, having arrived to-day at Dover, has been detained there by orders from the Admiralty.

THE POLARIS SERVICE TO HONORABLE BOND.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A. M.—The members of the *Polaris* expedition left Dundee yesterday in company with the American Vice Consul for Liverpool to take the steamer for New York. A large crowd witnessed their departure and cheered as they stepped on board the packet. The whole party have signed a letter of thanks to Captain Adams of the steamer *Arctik*.

SPAIN.

The Bombardment of Alicante.
MADRID, Sept. 28.—The entire British fleet in Spanish waters is collected in the harbor of Alicante, which city is threatened with a bombardment by the insurgent iron-clads. The British Admiral has demanded of the insurgent commander a postponement of hostilities for four days and is supported in his demand by all the foreign consuls.

It is officially stated that the situation of the Carlists in the north is precarious. Desertion from their ranks is increasing and a demoralization spreading. The discipline of the Republican troops has vastly improved.
CARLISTA TENDERS HIS SERVICES.
Gen. Garibaldi in a letter to Senor Castelar tenders his sword in the service of the Republic. The President replies, thanking the General for his noble offer, but declaring that Spain now needs no assistance.
The proclamation suspending constitutional guarantees establishes a rigorous censorship over the press and prohibits the carrying of arms by civilians.
THE GOVERNOR CAN'T SEE IT.
MADRID, Sept. 28.—The Governor of Alicante has refused the summons of Cabrera, who commands the insurgent man-of-war *Numanica*, to surrender the city and acknowledge the independence of Cartagena. The citizens approved the Governor's action and are organizing for defense.

TERRIFIC STORM IN FLORIDA.

Whole Towns Washed Away.
TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Sept. 28.—A terrific storm prevailed throughout this section of the country on Friday morning. Several stores were unroofed, thirty or forty houses blown down and several other badly damaged. A great number of gin houses were destroyed. The crops of corn and sugar cane were completely ruined. Three or four lives were lost and several persons wounded. A large number of stock were killed. The roads are blocked by falling trees. The telegraph wires and fences are down for miles. The loss in this county is immense. Saint Marks is completely washed away. Only two houses were left standing and twenty families were rendered homeless. Newport is reported gone.

REVENUE APPOINTMENT.

John P. Curtis of Kingston, Collector.
NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—John P. Curtis has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the 13th District, New York, vice Clay, resigned.

THE EIGHT HOUR SYSTEM.

Its Adoption by the Pennsylvania Railroad.
TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 28.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have reduced the hours of laborers and roadmen to eight per day and the pay roll will be reduced accordingly. The laborers strike against the new rule.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

Barlow Willing.
NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—According to the Evening Post Gen. Barlow has decided to accept the nomination to the Attorney Generalship if tendered by the Union convention.

A SHOEMAKERS' STRIKE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A general strike of shoemakers is imminent, as two hundred men struck to-day because, as alleged, the employers have failed to adhere to the terms agreed upon at the last strike. It is expected that all the workmen will strike to-morrow.

SENATOR WOODIN RENOMINATED.

The Wayne County Delegation Bolt.
PORT BYRON, N. Y., Sept. 28.—William B. Woodin was nominated for Senator from the Twenty-fifth District on the first ballot to-day. The Wayne county delegation then retired from the convention to make another nomination.

THE Muddled Midland.

Seizure of a Station.
PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 28.—The New York & Oswego Midland Railway ticket office was seized this afternoon by the constable to satisfy an execution by unpaid workmen and other creditors.

The financial crisis in Wall Street has not perceptibly affected our local banks, but the collapse of railroad enterprises, it is thought, will cause the discharge of some hundred men in the locomotive works unless more favorable conditions occur soon.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The through express trains on the New York & Oswego Midland Railroad have been withdrawn.

GRADUAL SUBSIDING OF THE PANIC.

Preventing the Savings Bank Runs.

CONFIDENCE RETURNING.

More Scare Than Harm.

REPORTS FROM THE COUNTRY.

LITTLE GENERAL ALARM FELT.

Excitement Diminishing Everywhere.

NOTE OF HIS FUNERAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The language, "This is none of my funeral," which was attributed to Secretary Richardson last evening, seems this morning to have been made by a leather merchant who was present at the conference and who was asked to state briefly the views of the Secretary of the Treasury. In answer to his question, the merchant replied: "The Secretary as much as said, 'this was none of my funeral, and he did not feel inclined to act.'"

Carleton, the defaulter, was largely interested in Western Union. Envelopes picked up in the office showed that he also speculated in Union Pacific and other fancy stocks. Most of his losses are supposed to have resulted from the cash in the market last week.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY IN THE HANDS OF A RECEIVER.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A. M.—The following notice is posted on the door of the Union Trust Company: "This institution is in the hands of a Receiver. A statement of its affairs is being prepared and will soon be made public. Depositors are cautioned against sacrificing their accounts."

BETTER FEELING.

The feeling on the street is better, and hopes are expressed that the panic will spend itself to-day—still everything is involved in uncertainty.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED TO-DAY.

11:30 A. M.—The following notice has just been issued: "The New York Stock Exchange will remain closed to-day. A meeting of the governing committee will be held to-morrow at half-past nine o'clock."
(Signed) H. G. CHAPMAN, Pres't.

THE STATEMENT THAT THE GOVERNING COMMITTEE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE WOULD MEET THIS MORNING WAS INCORRECT.

THE FEELING IN LONDON TO-DAY.
LONDON, Sept. 28.—2:30 P. M.—Special dispatches from New York cause a disquieting feeling in the stock market. Erie, 45.

EDWARD HAYDON'S FIRM.

Edward Haydon thinks his firm will be able to resume in a few days.

THE BOND PURCHASE.

The following notice is posted in the United States Treasury: "Purchases of United States bonds to-day will include all the different series of 5-20's. Payments will be made in currency at the rate of 110.72, and accrued interest, in coin." Fifty thousand dollars' worth thus far have been purchased. Small amounts from individuals will not be bought, that not being the intention of the government in authorizing the purchase.

MEETING OF SAVINGS BANKS.

A meeting of directors of the various Savings Banks is now being held to decide upon the advisability of compelling depositors to wait sixty or thirty days, as their charters allow. The banks are generally open. Crowds of spectators from the lower streets of the city, but the excitement is less than on Saturday.

SEAMEN'S SAVINGS BANK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—11:30.—At a meeting of the directors of the Seamen's Savings Bank it was decided to pay immediately sums of \$100 or under. All amounts over will not be paid before thirty days, as the charter allows. The Sub-Treasurer has bought one million in bonds. Large crowds are waiting to sell.

THE BANKS ALL RIGHT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—11:45 A. M.—Mr. Camp, of the Clearing House, states that all the banks have pulled through except two, and they are now settling through the loan committee.

Pette Cooke and Hugh McCulloch arrived by the Egypt, and will be in Wall Street by one o'clock.

THE NATIONAL BANKS ALL RIGHT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—12:30.—The national banks are promptly meeting all demands. The savings banks are nominally in a state of suspension, merely, however, as a relief to the national banks.

The report published that a run on savings banks would be made to-day was rather premature. A tour around the East side at noon found everything quiet, and more deposits than drafts being made. The banks are generally settling themselves of the provisions of their charters which require them to compel sixty days' notice from depositors desiring to withdraw their accounts.

STOCK BOARDS.

The following cash bids on railroad stocks were made on the street: Central, 95; Wabash, 50; Rock Island, 85 to 90; Western Union Telegraph, 72.

There is considerable inquiry for stocks on the street, by investors with greenbacks in hand seeking to purchase; but the prohibition of the Stock Exchange precludes transactions.

ALL THE BANKS PAYING.

The national banks are paying all demands made upon them that looks like legitimate business, in greenbacks, but anything like a run in paid in certified checks, which must pass through the Clearing House.

JAY COOKE & CO.

No meeting of Jay Cooke's creditors will be held until full statements have been received from various branch offices throughout the country. These are now being prepared with the utmost dispatch. The firm cannot at present say anything regarding the duration of their suspension.

IMPROVED FEELING.
1:30 P. M.—The feeling continues to improve in financial circles, and there is considerable dealing in stocks, outside of the Board, for cash and greenbacks. The prices are ruling strong. The crowds down town are diminishing.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—3:10 P. M.—Three million dollars' worth of bonds were bought by the Sub-Treasurer up to this hour, and more are coming in. All is quiet at the Fourth National Bank.

A HEAVY OVERDRAFT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—2:15 P. M.—A. D. Williams & Co. overdraw their account in the Bank of North America to the amount of

\$450,000 to-day. The firm deposited securities for \$250,000, leaving \$200,000 still due the bank. The authorities are now engaged in endeavoring to compel the payment of that sum.

A. J. Cattell has telegraphed to Secretary Richardson that the business of the Syndicate is not disturbed by the financial troubles. Among the rumors current in Stock Exchange circles is one that the Bank of England holds \$900,000 of Jay Cooke & Co. acceptances, and that the Rothschilds have \$100,000 of the same paper.

GOLD CLEARINGS.
NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—2 P. M.—The Gold Exchange Bank gross clearings \$92,000,000. \$24,000 bonds purchased to this hour.

Brokers generally are busy paying off transactions of Friday and Saturday.

LATEST FROM LONDON.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—3:30.—A dispatch announcing the closing of the New York Gold Exchange has just been bulletined. This news is accepted as an indication of great gravity in the financial situation, and the market for American securities is again depressed.

ANXIETY IN LONDON.
LONDON, Sept. 28.—5 P. M.—Much anxiety is manifested on all sides to hear further news from New York. Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. continue to pay cash in the usual manner over their counter, and the run on their house has ceased. Much sympathy is expressed for the firm by leading bankers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Evening.—The total amount of bonds bought at the Sub-Treasury is \$3,339,150.

A SUSPENSION AT BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, Sept. 28.—H. W. Bart & Co., private bankers, closed this afternoon. Their suspension caused no undue excitement on the part of the community. Financial matters are, however, not business men and brokers appear firm and confident that no serious embarrassment will be experienced here.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Treasury disbursements \$65,000. Customs receipts \$362,000.

BROOKLYN BANK PRESIDENTS' ACTION.
NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The Brooklyn bank presidents met to-day and resolved to sell one million of United States securities in case of an emergency. The majority were, however, of the opinion that there would be no run upon them. They will stand by each other, whatever may transpire.

A SMALL RUN.

There was a slight run on the Fifth Ward Savings Bank, Jersey City, to-day.

THE EVENING POST ON THE MITIGATION.

The Evening Post says the day closed with an established improvement in the general feeling. One day more with the Stock Exchange closed and the E. Church and others no loss whatever by the temporary suspension of their Treasurer, A. H. Dehaven. The board has ample collateral to cover every dollar in its hands.

THE EFFECT SOUTH.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 28.—On account of the financial panic in the north the banks here, which have been in circulation at par for six weeks, same as greenbacks. A citizens' meeting to-day resolved to take the money as usual.

THE SITUATION AT BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, Sept. 28.—The suspension of H. W. Bart & Co., private bankers, is considered only temporary and occasioned by the failure of their New York correspondents to pay currency for their drafts, for which ample securities were held. The business of the house is principally among large operators and causes but little embarrassment. The house has the confidence and sympathy of the general public.

Since the failure of Bart & Co. the editor-in-chief of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser visited in person every bank in the city and in his last edition says the banks of discount, without a single exception, appear to be doing the usual amount and kind of business. In several cases they had received more money than had been paid out in checks. All of the officers feel confident of their ability to stand any pressure that is likely to come. In conclusion he says: "The local financial situation, if changed since morning, is changed for the better and fully justifies the confidence expressed in our official articles."

OTHER PHILADELPHIA SUSPENSIONS.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—The Citizens' Bank, a Philadelphia institution, suspending payment this morning. On Saturday the bank passed over the counter \$100,000. The Keystone Bank, also a state institution, suspended to-day in consequence of their inability to secure currency. The state banks are really solvent, but experience some annoyances from the scarcity of currency. They ascribe the trouble to the refusal of the national banks to accept their checks, thus throwing them upon their own resources. It is probable all will promptly and fully meet their demands to-morrow.

CONFIDENCE IN CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28.—The feeling of confidence which has prevailed among financial and business men during the progress of the trouble in New York has continued throughout the day. Application at the banks for discounts have been comparatively light and orders from the country for currency have been less than expected. The entire situation this afternoon was stronger and more encouraging than at any time since the financial storm in the east was fully developed.

LESS EXCITEMENT IN WASHINGTON.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—There is less excitement to-day over the financial difficulties than on Friday or Saturday.

A rumor from New York that all the banks had suspended for a day or two as a matter of expediency to allow the panic to subside reached the Treasury Department about 11 o'clock and was quite generally credited. In alluding to it Secretary Richardson said such a course had been suggested by both the President and himself at their consultation with prominent bankers in New York yesterday. This step, Mr. Richardson said, would undoubtedly be very beneficial and be the means of saving many strong houses and banks from financial ruin. Telegrams continue to pour in urging the Secretary to lend a great part of the forty-four millions legal tender reserve to the New York banks, but as he positively refused yesterday to entertain a similar request he will not, he says, grant them to-day. Both the President and himself will do everything in their power under the law to prevent an increase in the panic, but at the same time they intend to maintain the credit of the Treasury and protect the interests of the government. Having refused positively to lend any of the reserve to the banks, Secretary Richardson declined to consider the question whether such an act would be within the meaning of the law or not. It is his opinion that to comply with such a request would be simply to place the Treasury Department under control of a set of reckless speculators, and this he does not intend shall take place.

The banks to-day exchanged a number of bonds for currency at the Treasury Department and expressed confidence in their ability to weather the storm.

There is official authority for saying that the navy account has not been changed from the London house of Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co.

THE SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Midnight.—At a meeting of presidents of savings banks held to-night, at which a large number of the most prominent bankers were represented, it was resolved to recommend that the provision requiring a notice of thirty days to draw a portion of their funds. The bank officials, however, denied them, saying that by paying them they would establish a precedent that might be followed by every one of their depositors.

On the west side savings bank depositors for the time seemed to be much alarmed and gathered in groups around the institutions that held the money, but consideration convinced them of the absence of all danger and they gave up all inclination to draw their money, even if they could. There has been a run on the Union Time Savings Bank, No. 396 Canal street, during the day and at 2 o'clock there were over seven hundred people inside and around the bank. They required no notice and paid out 7 o'clock this evening. This bank has ninety thousand depositors and a million and a half of cash on hand. This morning and amply resources. Of the other savings banks the majority are requiring notice for sums above a hundred dollars, but cashing other demands on sight. So far as known all are saved.

THE FEELING IN CHICAGO.
CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—A meeting of presi-

THE SAVING EXCESS.

The Express says: "After all but one bank has suspended, which is just one too many, and two trust companies. The officers of the savings bank, both here and in Washington, as it turns out, were much more scared than hurt, and indeed had the panic been severe. We understand the loan committee of the Clearing House have issued \$50,000,000 loan certificates and the banks only required half that amount in to-day's deposits."

Talk on the street to-day is decidedly more cheerful. Every one seems to instill the action of the President and Secretary of the Treasury yesterday. It is generally believed that had the President yielded to the clamor that beset him yesterday he would have made a grave mistake and the panic would have been national instead of being concentrated within very narrow limits.

THE BROKEN TRUST COMPANY.

The Executive Committee of the National Trust Company concluded this afternoon the affairs of the institution this afternoon and found the securities all correct. They report the condition of the company perfectly sound and notify all depositors of funds in their keeping that they will be accounted for to the last dollar. The total assets are \$3,350,000.

Many bankers think the loan certificates should be issued earlier, but all agree that this, with the purchase of bonds by the government, has aided greatly in restoring confidence and that there was no ground of apprehension of further disasters.

CENTRAL STOCK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Central stock sold this afternoon extra dividend for 97.

The report of the instability of the Bank of North America grew out of a number of customers of A. D. Williams & Co

Sidi Mahomed, Sultan of Morocco, just deceased, seems to have been a man much in advance of the barbarism which he nominally ruled. After having received severe punishment at the hands of Spain, which country he provoked to a foolish and needless war in 1893, he revised his notion of the European powers and inclined to conciliate them for purposes of improvement and trade. Afterward the Sultan introduced some elements of civilization into his wild Empire, prominent among which were practical measures for the better security of navigation. Gradually as remote and barbarous nations are opened to trade, as now in Morocco, we may look for their redemption to some profitable uses.

Together with a stable currency in the United States we need a uniform time. Between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans we must by and by have matters so adjusted that six o'clock in Portland, Me., will mean six o'clock in San Francisco. That the sun rises and sets at actually different hours at places in different longitudes must not interfere with the realization of this idea. This project has already been measurably put in practice under Mr. Langley's plan, who furnishes the standard time from his observatory near Pittsburgh to the Pennsylvania Central Railroad and some other minor roads. At the present time a train running from New York to Chicago by the southern route, successively the local times of Philadelphia, Altoona and Columbus; thus multiplying its risks of collision and necessitating the employment of much extra executive mechanism by the road. A single standard time will make travel safer and the management of railways simpler. And not for railroads only but for the entire public, and for all purposes there should be but one time east of the Mississippi and not more than two on the continent.

The financial crisis in New York shows that every thinking person has always known in a general way; that excitement, however legitimate at first, becomes at length irrational and swiftly contagious. Mr. Camp, General Manager of the Clearing House, entered the Fifth Avenue Hotel on Sunday, and although accustomed to the demonstrations which attend such a crisis, he was not unmoved by the money and stock market, remarked, "Why, the people are wild, they are crazy!" That is the precise fact and the worst feature of the case. If men could keep their mental balance, and judge of the extent of an apparent calamity by the same well-tried rules which they apply with calmness to ordinary events, nine-tenths of the force would be entirely wasted. But they yell and scream, cry and curse, until their heated imagination sees things as in a dream. What a blessing would that man meri who could administer some anesthetic potent enough to put all the stock-jockeys to sleep for two weeks. They would wake and find that the crisis had passed and nobody but the fools who desire to be "The 'bunt' needs a delegation of doctors and a hogshead of chloroform.

"Almost." Our saying of the other day, that no matter how many times a mechanical project is demonstrated to be self-contradictory, some one else will try it, receives a fresh illustration from the statement of a wooden-headed enthusiast on Terre Haute, that he has almost hit upon a plan to "harness gravitation," which when quite complete will give the world a perpetual motion. That "almost" is the ever-fading, ever-enduring *terminus fatalis* which has led thousands of men into the swamp of disappointed expectations and ultimate insanity. The alchemists of the middle ages frequently came near enough to finding the unknown solvent which would turn all bases into gold to miss it, and die over the dust and ashes of their useless alchemies. The patient, tireless psychopathologist, who has in some form pursued his quest in all nations and times, often came "almost" near enough to the secret of life to be able to destroy death, but failed in time to die of his own ignorance. So, as we said, it will always be, yet what a pity that so much genius and toil should be wasted in false lines of labor.

The Action of the Savings Banks.
The action of the savings banks in demanding six days' notice of their depositors must be highly commended. The payment of all claims of \$100 and under supplied all those who really needed money, while the adoption of this precaution took away all possibility of danger from a run that unchecked might have swamped all the institutions and drawn all the others in their train. The savings banks have been the saviors of the market. But on general grounds also this action is highly satisfactory. Of course the savings banks have drifted very closely to the character of common banks, a great many depositing in them and drawing upon them as they would on an ordinary bank. But the very purpose of the savings banks is to stand beside the depositor when he is creating a fund for the future. They are organized for collecting the savings of the poor, and by concentrating them and lending them on safe security make these productive of profit to the depositors. The nature of the business requires loans as nearly as possible to the line of deposits, and mainly upon long time. The safety and interest of the depositors require that conversion of the securities. If made at all, should be made slowly and without material sacrifice. Ordinarily to keep up a show of being what they are not expected to be, they sacrifice securities to provide funds for paying depositors on demand, which depositors did not expect when they entrusted their money to their keepers. They are inclined to think it would be a good thing for the country if savings banks would enforce this rule at all times, and so increase the conservatism of their business and divorce from it whatever of ordinary banking may have crept into it.

On Shows and Shadows.
Unless we greatly exaggerate, the devil, in ancient times, was widely renowned for the facility with which he could quote scripture. A Jewish attendance upon the session of the French Sanhedrin could hardly have posted up his internal majesty better in respect to the sacred manuscripts. His tongue dropped texts as readily as that of the modern California multi-driver drops oaths. And we have no evidence that Satan ever inclined to the bible, although he often made very doubtful comments on it, and subjected the inspired authors to a far-fetched exegesis. But what is perfectly safe for a person so thoroughly well-informed and scholarly as the devil unquestionably is, may be risky for some less well-informed and less scholarly. Yet just such like apprentices are the very fellows who are always trying to preach. Thus the New York World of yesterday proceeded to read the lesson for the day as follows:
"The good book tells us that 'man walketh in a vain shadow,' and disquieteth himself in vain; he leaeth up, and cannot tell whither he shall get them—all which propositions, as applied to members of Congress, Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania decries. He believes in the efficacy of shadows."
Now, with the text, so far as it applies to the Senator from Pennsylvania, we have nothing to do. Cameron may "believe in the efficacy of shadows," or he may not. If he does, so far as we care, all right. Shadows are good things sometimes, and have an excellent knack of staying in their place. If they have to move to do it, "Our mission" is to mend the world's quotation, and we proceed with all appropriate solemnity to perform that duty. Not "shadows," oh, hard-hearted and stiff-necked Marlow, but shows. There is no

such nonsense in the world (except in the world) as a "vain shadow." There are lots of "vain shows," to which the price of admission is always in the nature of a swindle. If it should occur to us we should remark that possibly modern Democracy is one of them. But we shan't go out of the limits of this column to talk politics. Let that piece of symmetrical statuary which edits the World go down to Wall street, gaze on the ruins of the burst railway balloon, then borrow a bible from the Tribune office and read Psalm XXXIX:6.

The Dying Panic.
Our telegraphic dispatches indicate that the storm that has strewn Wall street with wrecks within the past few days has spent its force, and we have every reason to believe business will resume its accustomed regularity in a few days. The panic started with worthless railroad securities, and the destruction it has wrought has been mainly in that direction. Its other victims being chiefly hit in an accidental way. Once started of course a panic is uncontrollable, but beyond the circle of gamblers and speculators there was really no reason for the marauding and banking interests are in a conservative rather than a risky condition. Nothing could have been sillier than the run upon the savings banks, except such as had railroad bonds among their securities, and other banking concerns are in a strong condition. But the situation is such as to require calmness on the part of the business public, and the most conservative action. No house doing a legitimate business need fear, for it will require only a few hours' reflection on the part of the people now crazy to set things straight. Let everybody quiet the prophets of ill omen, keep their business well in hand, and press nobody, and all will go well. The worst are the gamblers, and among them they are the best for the general public. If the list of those who had failed by buying on a margin, which is the very essence of gambling, could have been made twice as long, the tone of the market would have been improved for some time, and perhaps started a public sentiment that would not have been satisfied until every margin gambler was indicted.

We think the President did wisely in refusing to break the law to throw the reserve notes upon the market. We are glad to see, though it is at a late day, that he is becoming rethought to use doubtful powers. Subsequent events have also shown there was not sufficient necessity for thus enlarging the legal tender circulation. The stress is passing over, and we beg our readers not to gamble in stocks, and not to be so silly as to run savings banks. If people will just stand still and keep up ordinary courage everything will come out right.

CURRENT TOPICS.
—That Civil Service Commission has a hard time. Now Mr. Eaton's kicking up a rumpus.
—That measure of all meanness, trying to throw the blame of wrong-doing on dead men's shoulders, is to be tried by the Brooklyn Treasurer Sprague, who will attempt to shift the blame of his recent defalcations on the dead Mills.
—Claverack has organized an Improvement Association. The objects are new sidewalks, the opening of new streets and so on. Rev. A. Flack, always on hand for every good thing, of course has a hand in this. We hope for an added lease of life and usefulness to one of the best educators and business men of the river counties.

—A few Campbell wants to put all the Republicans in the White House, and then blow it up with a mine. There's one grain of sense in his proposition—he proposes to stand near enough to get blown up himself.

NEWS OF THE DAY.
—Cattell telegraphs from London that there is a universal expression of sympathy for Jay Cooke & Co.
—Four hundred and eighty coolies were drowned in the ship *India* in the Indian Ocean.
—Anna Dickinson has become a great climber. She has just ascended Long's Peak.
—A strange and singular fatal disease has appeared in Kelton, Utah. Persons die within a few hours after being attacked. It causes great consternation.

VICINITY.
—South Westerly has the measles and itch.
—Prattville is talking a little about incorporating.
—The Crawford Road now only asks three cents fare per mile.
—Leeds boasts of a new quarry of superior stone.
—Monticello has struck iron, and a mine is to be started.
—The Poughkeepsie News insinuates it is not an organ of Mr. Whitehouse or anybody else.
—Warwick has made 54,000 gallons of apple-juice.
—Scranton has the small-pox; about a dozen cases.
—The Boston & Albany R. R. is building a 3,000 feet viaduct at Claverack.
—Wm. F. Smith of Andover saws wood in his 82d year, and talks of getting married.
—A Roman Catholic church is being built at Rockland Lake.
—Newburgh will pave its Water street with Belgian.

—Mr. Gibbons of Coeymans jumped from a scaffold, when he was caught upon a hook under his arm. His flesh was pierced by the hook.
—Poughkeepsie has shot robbers. Stop talking about "Clister County horrors," Davids, until these chaps are hung.
—The Orange Co. Line Co. has dropped making lime and commenced the manufacture of paper.
—Collectors have a new circular saw-mill of the capacity of 200,000 feet per day, and it is to have a grist mill.
—The Middletown papers are inquiring by what authority the President of that village orders the release of drunkards from the jail.
—The Middletown Mercury gives a legal dead-beat a free notice, and warns all dead-beats to look out in future.
—The plan of enclosing the depot is to be followed on the entire line of the Hudson R. R. It operates as the most efficient check upon the conductors.

—Isaac Holbrook of Coeymans had his arm drawn into the cylinder of a broom-corn machine on Friday, and the flesh was torn from it in a dreadful manner.
—Rev. Wm. N. Sayre not only dispenses spiritual light to the people of Pine Plains, but he also illuminates the village streets with kerosene. He charges \$9 per lamp a year, fifteen nights per month.
—A Deckerstown woman wants the champion belt. She has seventy-four buttons on her redingote. If she gets the belt there will have to be a dozen buttons.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.
—A proclamation of the Governor General promulgated calling together the Canadian Parliament for the 23d of October.
—Captain Jones and others of the Yellowstone expedition arrived at Omaha from the west yesterday. The remainder of the party arrive on Thursday.
—The customer journeymen shoemakers of Philadelphia are on a strike.
—The weather.

To-Day's Probabilities.
For the Middle States fresh winds, mostly from the southeast and southwest, cloudy weather and rain.

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN

FOREIGN.

TURKEY.

A Destructive Conflagration in Smyrna.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 28.—A conflagration in Smyrna has destroyed property to the amount of \$300,000.

FRANCE.

A Promise From Chambord.
PARIS, Sept. 22.—It is reported that Count de Chambord has given his supporters assurance of a peaceful policy, especially with regard to Italy, in case he should be placed on the French throne.

GERMANY.

Emmanuel and William.
BERLIN, Sept. 22.—The King of Italy took leave of Emperor Francis Joseph yesterday and left for this city, where he arrived to-day and was received with marked cordiality by the court and great enthusiasm by the populace.

Gen. Von Manteuffel, who was commander-in-chief of the German army of occupation in France, has been appointed Field Marshal.

It is rumored that one of the objects of King Victor Emmanuel's visit to Prussia is to secure an understanding between the Emperor for joint action against possible French aggressions and to prevent the election of a French ultramontane to the papacy.

GREAT BRITAIN.

An Editor Fined.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—Chief Justice Cockburn has fined the editor of the *Cheltenham Chronicle* £750 for publishing a criticism on the conduct of the trial of the Tichborne claimant and threats him with imprisonment if the offence is repeated.

Mr. Barnett, Conservative, has been returned to Parliament from Dover.

DETENTION OF THE MURKILL.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Spanish steamer *Murkill*, which ran down the emigrant ship *Northfield*, having arrived to-day at Dover, has been detained there by orders from the Admiralty.

THE FUGITIVE STATEMENT HOMEWARD BOUND.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—G. M. W.—The members of the *Polaris* expedition left Dundee yesterday in company with the American Vice Consul for Liverpool to take the steamer for New York. A large crowd witnessed their departure and cheered as they stepped on board the packet. The whole party have signed a letter of thanks to Captain Adams of the steamer *Arctic*.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF ALICANTE.
MADRID, Sept. 22.—The entire British fleet in Spanish waters is collected in the harbor of Alicante, which city is threatened with a bombardment by the insurgent iron-clads. The British Admiral has demanded of the insurgent commander a postponement of hostilities for four days and is supported in his demand by all the foreign consuls.

It is officially stated that the situation of the Carlists in the north is precarious. Desertion from their ranks is increasing and demoralization spreading. The discipline of the Republican troops has vastly improved.

GARIBOLDI TENDERS HIS SERVICES.
Gen. Garibaldi in a letter to Senor Castelar tenders his sword in the service of the Republic. The President replied, thanking the General for his noble offer, but declaring that Spain now needs no assistance.

The proclamation suspending constitutional guarantees establishes a rigorous censorship over the press and prohibits the carrying of arms by civilians.

THE GOVERNOR CAN'T SEE IT.
MADRID, Sept. 22.—The Governor of Alicante has refused the summons of Cabrera, who commands the insurgent army of Murcia, to surrender the city and acknowledge the independence of Cartagena. The citizens approved the Governor's action and are organizing for defense.

TERRIFIC STORM IN FLO-RIDA.

GREAT DAMAGE AND LOSS OF LIFE.

Whole Towns Washed Away.
TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Sept. 22.—A terrific storm prevailed throughout this section of the country on Friday morning. Several stores were unroofed, thirty or forty houses blown down and several other badly damaged. A great number of gin houses were destroyed.

The crops are considered as being completely ruined. Three or four lives were lost and several persons wounded. A large number of stock were killed. The roads are blocked by falling trees. The telegraph wires and fences are down for miles. The loss in this county is immense. Saint Marks is completely washed away. Only a few houses were left standing and twenty families were rendered homeless. Newport is reported gone.

REVENUE APPOINTMENT.
John P. Curtis of Kingston, Collector.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—John P. Curtis has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the 13th District, New York, vice Clay, resigned.

THE EIGHT HOUR SYSTEM.

Its Adoption by the Pennsylvania Railroad.

TELETON, N. J., Sept. 22.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have reduced the hours for laborers and roadmen to eight per day and the pay rolls will be reduced accordingly. The laborers strike against the new rule.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

Barlow Willing.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—According to the Evening Post Gen. Barlow has decided to accept the nomination to the Attorney Generalship if tendered by the Union convention.

A SHOEMAKERS' STRIKE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—A general strike of shoemakers is imminent, as two hundred men struck to-day because, as alleged, the employers have failed to adhere to the terms agreed upon at the last strike. It is expected that all the workmen will strike to-morrow.

SENATOR WOODIN RENOMINATED.

The Wayne County Delegation Bolt.

PORT BYRON, N. Y., Sept. 22.—(By) Wm. B. Woodin was nominated for Senator from the Twenty-fifth District on the first ballot to-day. The Wayne county delegation then retired from the convention to make another nomination.

THE MUDDLED MIDLAND.

Seizure of a Station.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 22.—The New York & Oswego Midland Railway ticket office was seized this afternoon by the constable to satisfy an execution by unpaid workmen and other creditors.

The financial crisis in Wall street has not perceptibly affected our local banks, but the collapse of railroad enterprises, it is thought, will cause the discharge of some hundreds of men in the locomotive works unless more favorable developments occur soon.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The through express trains on the New York & Oswego Midland Railroad have been withdrawn.

THE EBBING TIDE.

GRADUAL SUBSIDING OF THE PANIC.

Preventing the Savings Bank Runs.
CONFIDENCE RETURNING.
More Scare Than Harm.

REVERTS FROM THE COUNTRY.

LITTLE GENERAL ALARM FELT.

Excitement Diminishing Everywhere.

NONE OF HIS FUNDING.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The language, "This is none of my funding," which was attributed to Secretary Richardson last evening, seems this morning to have been made by a lesser merchant who was present at the conference and who was asked to state briefly the views of the Secretary of the Treasury. In answer to his question, the merchant replied: "The Secretary as much as said, 'this was none of my funding, and he did not feel inclined to act.'"

MORE ABOUT CARLTON.
Carlton, the defaulter, was largely interested in Western Union. Envelopes picked up in the office showed that he also speculated in Union Pacific and other fancy stocks. Most of his losses are supposed to have resulted from the cash in the market last week.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY IN THE HANDS OF A RECEIVER.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—10 M.—The following notice is posted on the door of the Union Trust Company: "This institution is in the hands of a Receiver. A statement of its affairs is being prepared and will soon be made public. Depositors are cautioned against sacrificing their accounts."

BETTER FEELING.
The feeling on the street is better, and hopes are expressed that the panic will spend itself today, still everything is involved in uncertainty.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED TO-DAY.
11:10 A. M.—The following notice has just been issued: "The New York Stock Exchange will remain closed to-day. A meeting of the Governing Committee will be held to-morrow at half-past nine o'clock."
(Signed) H. G. CHAPMAN, Pres't.

The statement that the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange would meet this morning was incorrect.

THE FEELING IN LONDON TO-DAY.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—2:30 P. M.—Special dispatches from New York cause a disquieting feeling in the stock market. Erie, 45.

EDWARD HAIGHT'S FIRM.
Edward Haight thinks his firm will be able to resume in a few days.

THE BOND PURCHASE.
The following notice is posted in the United States Sub-Treasury: "Purchases of United States bonds to-day will include all the different series of 5-20s. Payments will be made in currency at the rate of 110.72, and accrued interest, in coin." Fifty thousand dollars' worth thus far have been purchased. Small amounts from individuals will not be bought, that not being the intention of the government in authorizing the purchase.

MEETING OF SAVINGS BANKS.
A meeting of directors of the various Savings Banks is now being held to decide upon the advisability of compelling depositors to wait sixty or thirty days, as their charters allow. The banks are generally open. Crowds of speculators hang about the exchange, but the excitement is less than on Saturday.

SEAMEN'S SAVINGS BANK.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—11:30 A. M.—At a meeting of the directors of the Seamen's Savings Bank it was decided to pay immediately sums of \$100 or under. All amounts over will not be paid before thirty days, as the charter allows. The Sub-Treasurer has bought one million in bonds. Large crowds are waiting to sell.

THE BANKS ALL RIGHT.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—11:45 A. M.—Mr. Camp, of the Clearing House, states that all the banks have now been reopened except two, and they are now settling through the loan committee.

IMPORTANT ARRIVALS.
Pete Cooke and Hugh McCulloch arrived by the Egypt, and will be in Wall street by one o'clock.

THE NATIONAL BANKS ALL RIGHT.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—12:30 P. M.—The national banks are promptly meeting all demands. The savings banks are nominally in a state of suspension, merely, however, as a relief to the national banks.

THE SAVINGS BANKS ALL RIGHT.
The report published that a run on savings banks would be made to-day was entirely premature. A tour around the East side at noon found everything quiet, and more deposits than drafts being made. The banks are generally availing themselves of the provisions of their charters which empowers them to compel sixty days' notice from depositors desiring to withdraw their accounts.

STOCK MARKETS.
The following cash bids on railroad stocks were made on the street: Central, 95; Wabash, 50; Rock Island, 88 to 90; Western Union, 72.

STOCK SALES BLOCKED.
There is considerable inquiry for stocks on the street, by investors with greenbacks in hand seeking to purchase; but the prohibition of the Stock Exchange precludes transactions.

ALL THE BANKS PAYING.
The national banks are paying all demands made upon them that look like legitimate business, in greenbacks, but anything like a run is paid in certified checks, which must pass through the Clearing House.

JAY COOKE & CO.
No meeting of Jay Cooke's creditors will be held until fall statements have been received from various branch offices throughout the country. These are now being prepared with the utmost dispatch. The firm cannot at present say anything regarding the duration of their suspension.

IMPROVED FEELING.
1:30 P. M.—The feeling continues to improve in financial circles, and there is considerable dealings in stocks, outside of the Board, for cash and greenbacks. The prices are rallying strong. The crowds down town are diminishing.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—2:10 P. M.—Three million dollars' worth of bonds were bought by the Sub-Treasurer up to this hour, and more are coming in. All is quiet at the Fourth National Bank.

A HEAVY OVERDRAFT.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—2:15 P. M.—A. D. Williams & Co. overdraw their account in the Bank of North America to the amount of \$450,000 to-day. The firm deposited securities for \$250,000, leaving \$200,000 still due the bank. The authorities are now engaged in endeavoring to compel the payment of that sum.

A. J. Cattell has telegraphed to Secretary Richardson that the business of the Syndicate is not disturbed by the financial troubles.

Among the rumors current in Stock Exchange is one that the Bank of England holds \$300,000 of Jay Cooke & Co.'s acceptances, and that the Rothschilds have \$100,000 of the same paper.

GOLD CLEARINGS.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—2 P. M.—The Gold Exchange Bank gross clearings \$92,000,000. \$24,000,000 bonds purchased to this hour. Brokers generally are busy paying off transactions of Friday and Saturday.

LATEST FROM LONDON.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—6:30 A.—A dispatch announcing the closing of the New York Gold Exchange has just been bulletined. This news is accepted as an indication of great gravity in the financial situation, and the market for American securities is again depressed.

ANXIETY IN LONDON.
LONDON, Sept. 22.—5 P. M.—Much anxiety is manifested on all sides to hear further news from New York. Jay Cooke & McCulloch & Co. continue to pay cash in the usual manner over their counter, and the run on their house has ceased. Much sympathy is expressed for the firm by leading bankers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Evening.—The total amount of bonds bought at the Sub-Treasury is \$3,339,150.

A SUSPENSION AT BUFFALO.
BUFFALO, Sept. 22.—H. W. Bart & Co., private bankers, closed this afternoon. Their suspension caused no undue excitement outside of private depositors. Financial matters are feverish, but business men and brokers appear firm and confident that no serious embarrassment will be experienced here.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Treasury disbursements \$65,000. Customs receipts \$362,000.

BROOKLYN BANK PRESIDENTS' ACTION.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Brooklyn Bank president, to-day and resolved to sell the million of United States securities in case of an emergency. The majority were, however, of the opinion that there would be no run upon them. They will stand by each other, whatever may transpire.

A SMALL RUN.
There was a slight run on the Fifth Ward Savings Bank, Jersey City, to-day.

THE EVENING POST ON THE SITUATION.
The Evening Post says the day closed with an established improvement in the general feeling. One day more with the Stock Exchange closed will be thought, put everybody in such condition, so far as the exercise of reason is concerned, that it will be prudent for the brokers to again begin business. This afternoon money lent on the street as high as 10 per cent, that rate having been paid by distressed brokers.

THE FEELING IN THE NORTH.
President of the Bank of Commerce said this afternoon that confidence had been very greatly improved. He thought the action of the government in buying five-twentieths had been highly beneficial in loosening greenbacks.

JAY COOKE & CO.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Jay Cooke & Co. notify holders of all drafts against money deposited since their suspension that they will be paid on presentation. Holders of their drafts previous to suspension are referred as follows: Of T. C. Lathrop Leroy, New York, to the Bank of Commerce; of all Canada banks, except Montreal Bank of London and Montreal Bank of London, to the Bank of Montreal; of Owen Sound, Ontario, to the Bank Bank. The holders of drafts drawn by bankers in various parts of the country and abroad are referred for payment to the banks and banking firms to whom the accounts against which the drafts are made have been transferred.

THE WASHINGTON DISTURBANCE.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The run on the Freedmen's and Washington City Savings Banks has nearly subsided. More than a dozen persons being at either place at any one time during the day.

A RUN IN TRENTON.
TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 22.—There was a run on the savings banks to-day. The directors claimed two weeks' notice, according to their charter, and took the names of all who wanted their money. The banks are amply able to pay every dollar. The regular banks have also no trouble in making deposits, whose demands were promptly paid. Each of the three banks in Trenton have a surplus of over \$100,000.

SUSPENSIONS IN PITTSBURGH.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 22.—Jas. T. Brady & Co., brokers, and the Security Trust Company of this city suspended to-day.

RUN ON ALBANY SAVINGS BANKS.
ALBANY, Sept. 22.—There was quite a run on some of the savings banks here to-day. The Albany Savings Bank paid out \$50,000. The Home Savings Bank \$60,000 and the National \$12,000. At 2 o'clock, when the banks closed, there was a better feeling prevailing and it is thought the run is now over.

CONFIDENCE IN CINCINNATI.
CINCINNATI, Sept. 22.—The feeling of confidence which has prevailed since the financial and business men during the progress of the trouble in New York has continued throughout the day. Application at the banks for discounts have been comparatively light and orders from the country for currency have been less than expected. The entire situation this afternoon was stronger and more encouraging than at any time since the financial storm in the east was fairly developed.

LESS EXCITEMENT IN WASHINGTON.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—There is less excitement here to-day over financial difficulties than on Friday or Saturday.

A rumor from New York that all the banks had suspended for a day or two as a matter of expediency to allow the public to subsidize reached the Treasury Department about 11 o'clock and was quite generally credited. In alluding to Secretary Richardson said such a course had been suggested by both the President and himself at their consultation with prominent bankers in New York yesterday. This step, Secretary Richardson said, would undoubtedly be very beneficial, but the means of saving many serious losses and banks from financial ruin. Telegrams continue to pour in urging the Secretary to lend a great part of the forty-four millions legal tender reserve to the New York banks, but as he positively refused yesterday to entertain a similar request he will not, he says, grant them to-day. Both the President and himself will do everything in their power under the law to prevent an increase in the panic, but at the same time they intend to maintain the credit of the Treasury and protect the interests of the government. Having refused positively to lend any of the reserve to the banks, Secretary Richardson declined to consider the question whether such an act would be within the meaning of the law or not. It is his opinion that to comply with such a request would be simply to place the Treasury Department under control of the reckless speculators, and this he does not intend shall take place.

The banks to-day exchanged a number of bonds for currency at the Treasury Department and express confidence in their ability to weather the storm.

There is official authority for saying that the Treasury Department has not been changed from the London office of Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co.

THE SAVINGS BANKS.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Midnight.—At a meeting of presidents of savings banks held to-night, at which a large number of the most prominent bankers were represented, it was resolved to recommend that the provision requiring a notice of thirty or sixty days be generally adopted by the savings banks of the city as the only means of allaying the present excitement.

THE FEELING IN CHICAGO.
CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—A meeting of presi-

The Express says: "After all but one bank has suspended, which is just one too many, and two trust companies. The officers of the savings bank, both here and in Washington, as it turns out, were much more scared than hurt, and indeed half the panic has been scared. We understand the loan committee of the Clearing House has issued \$500,000,000 loan certificates and the banks only required half that amount in to-day's business."

Talk on the street to-day is decidedly more cheerful. Every one seems to sustain the action of the President and Secretary of the Treasury yesterday. It is generally believed that had the President yielded to the clamor that best him yesterday he would have made a grave mistake and the panic would have been nationalized instead of being concentrated within very narrow limits.

THE BROKEN TRUST COMPANY.
The Executive Committee of the National Trust Company concluded the investigation of the affairs of the institution this afternoon and found the securities all correct. They report the condition of the company perfectly sound and notify all depositors of funds in their keeping that they will be accounted for to the last dollar. The total assets are \$3,350,000.

Many bankers think the loan certificates should be issued earlier, but all agree that this, with the purchase of bonds by the government, has aided greatly in restoring confidence and that there was no ground of apprehension of further disasters.

CENTRAL STOCK.
NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Central stock sold this afternoon extra dividend for 97.

The report of the instability of the Bank of North America grew out of a number of customers of A. D. Williams & Co. Saturday afternoon returning to that firm their certified checks on the Bank of North America. Williams & Co. became frightened and failed to make their account good by turning to the bank their securities. This resulted, as has been stated, in reports of heavy overdrafts upon that bank and their taking out an attachment upon Williams & Co. It is stated this trouble will be amicably arranged very soon.

RAILROAD DIFFICULTIES IN CANADA.
ST. CATHARINES, Ont., Sept. 22.—The Canadian Southern Railway Company have, owing to the financial crisis in New York, been obliged to cancel all their contracts for the present and ordered the discharge of their workmen not employed on regular trains running over the road. The cause is reported to be owing to the complications in Daniel Drew's affairs, he being a large stockholder in the company.

Correspondents will please direct their letters to Hon. Post Office, N. Y.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CITY NOTES.

—Wanted—some second-hand iron pipe. Apply at this office.

—We are much obliged to Parker Hathaway for a package of late Savannah papers.

—Summer rigs getting unseasonable. White vests and dresses called on. Light overcoats called out.

—A market gardener we know of weeps tears of joy over the abundance of his onion crop.

—The people crowded so around The Freeman bulletin board, Monday afternoon, it came near blocking up the walk.

—A lady who does not desire her name seen in print had a white and black silk skirt spoiled on Sunday by some ruffian squirting tobacco juice on it. That chap would be a good one to interview with a club.

—While passing through O'Reilly's woods on Saturday night a woman's voice, in the last up street car, was heard to exclaim, "don't you fool around there! I carry a pistol in my panier."

—Chas. piscatorially inclined find good fishing off the docks in front of the city. On Monday a couple of chaps captured a string of striped bass which measured about two feet in length.

—The latest thing in ladies' rigs is a new style of waist, which is black, with the arms and rest of the dress is generally of light material. The effect is novel, if not pretty, and it might with propriety be called the turtle style.

—The "Champion London Show" has been located on the city lot in Division street for several days. The tent is the largest part of the show. The crier of the concern has lungs of more than one horse power.

—Mr. A. A. Crosby has erected a fine flag-staff on his lot in Abel street. It is sixty-eight feet high, with top-mast and straight as a rod. The flag was flying for the first on Monday.

—Two cases of scandal are making considerable talk down town. One of the parties is a feather-bed renegade chap and a matron somewhat advanced in years, and the other a young husband and a young lady.

—One of The Freeman carrier boys came near killing Charlie, beside drowning himself, on Monday morning. He plunged off the dock, and then went to the office for instructions, and he was such a ludicrous object Charlie had like to "die a laughing."

—The change of color in the leaves of the trees up town has also brought a change in the color of the outer garments of the ladies. These bright colors are very pleasant to look upon, as well as the light color (we came near saying autumn color) in their cheeks.

—Rev. G. C. Gray, of this city and of The Freeman corps, has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the Rhinebeck M. E. Church from the 1st of October till the meeting of Conference. Rev. Mr. Hunt will attend to the pastoral work.

Railroad Meeting.
The Directors of the N. Y. & S. R. R. Co. held a meeting Monday night. It was the general impression among the outside public that something decisive would be done at this meeting, but we could not learn that anything of special consequence transpired. The affairs of the company are reported to be in a bad way.

Collision on the Hudson.
Some time Friday night the steamer "Thomas Powell" collided with the barge "Koyan" at the four mile point, north of Hudson, N. Y. The barge was loaded with coal, and the collision resulted in the loss of \$5,000. It is hardly probable that the barge has not been completely wrecked and the loss may be exceeded \$50,000 or \$100,000.

The Beaverkill Civil Damage Case.
The civil damage case, we use up for trial, one of the most important cases of the season. The case was argued before the court at 10 o'clock on Monday. A jury had been impaneled and were in waiting, but the defendant wanted an adjournment, and the justice gave it to him. The array of legal talent, so far, at least as numbers are concerned, was heavy. The names of the attorneys are Gideon H. H. Chas. A. Fowler, James M. Van Wagoner, Benjamin Turner, Jr., and Moses Conger. The case was adjourned until Nov. 22, 1873, at 10 A. M. at the hotel of C. B. Bishop in the village of Shokan.

The Excursion.
On Thursday the excursion of St. Mary's Church takes place. It will be a large one, too, for a great many tickets have been sold. If it be a fine day, there is no doubt that it will be enjoyed; God's music will keep them in good spirits during the sail down to the Highlands and back. The people from Stony Hollow and the country can be in time Friday morning train, which arrives in good season, and they will receive a welcome when they come.

Tax on Carpets.
Mr. James Barnes, since Mr. Dowitt Dubois has gone out of the business, will put down carpets, help more furniture, etc., and as Mr. Dubois used to be the glad to have people order. However much merchants may put down to sell their customers. The tactics he puts on is "personal," but does not show on the tax roll. It is good to have Barnes around a house.

Speculators' Stock.
Among the speculators by the name is the Kingston Pool, composed of H. G. Cronch, John C. Brodhead, Aug. T. Newton, William Lounsbury, James Van Buren. They have been bitten heavily on various stocks. Cronch is said to have lost heavily. Brodhead has been bitten badly. His loss was mainly, if not entirely, of somebody else's funds.

Our Home Artist.
Mr. John Vanderlyn, Jr., our home artist, has lately been doing excellent work in the portrait line, and has been making a few fruit-pieces which challenge attention. Mr. Vanderlyn will paint a fruit-piece to order or will sell one of those he "has recently made." We have had the pleasure of seeing these recently made and can testify to their "remarkable excellence. They represent a plate of apples—Spitzberghe, Jonathans and so forth, with a greening at the top. The fruit looks as natural and as shining as though it had just been wiped off with a towel and nicely arranged upon a plate. There is a hand some dinner-room that is well painted fruit-piece, and Mr. Vanderlyn, if the demand were as great as the need, would have all he could do to keep up with the orders for his really good fruit-pieces, for we know of no artist who paints the likeness of fruit better than he. In portraits he has lately painted those of Mr. and Mrs. Weiner, of John R. Cole and wife, of Mrs. Charles Deyo, of Matthew Oliver, and of Mrs. Robert Reynolds. All are excellent likenesses and are prized and admired by owners and their friends.

THE FINANCIAL VENTURE.

Special Dispatch.

By the courtesy of Gen. George H. Sharpe we are enabled to publish the following dispatch from Collector Arthur, from which it will be seen the situation is decidedly better, the heavy sales of bonds representing a vast amount of relief to business circles:

NEW YORK, Sept. 22—10:20 A. M.
GEN. GEO. H. SHARPE: The financial situation is much improved. Treasurer Hillhouse has paid out over nine millions currency for bonds and interest. C. A. SMITH.

The Jewish New Year.

The New Year of the Israelites began yesterday and it was duly celebrated by our Jewish citizens in the usual way, all business being suspended and the time devoted to religious exercises and festivities. The congregations of both Jewish societies in our city attended the services appropriate to the occasion held at the synagogues, and the streets were filled with promenaders dressed in holiday attire and wearing pleasant, happy faces. Seldom has there been a larger number of pretty maidens, handsomely and stylishly dressed, than on Monday brightened our thoroughfares. The beautiful weather was just right for promenading and the joyous young people took advantage of it.

This is the year 5634 according to the Hebrew chronology, and the New Year, as customary, is celebrated by a two days' feast—the feast of Shmini; consequently the business places of our Jewish merchants will not be opened until to-day at sundown. The new year begins with this feast, although the civil year begins with the first month, Nisan, dating from the day when the Hebrew race gained its freedom under Pharaoh and became a nation. The month of Tishri is designated by the Hebrew writers as the holy month, and some of the greatest festivals take place in the four weeks of that month. Following the New Year are the days of repentance, which are preparatory to the day of atonement, which is solemnized on the 10th of the month. On the 14th day of the month the feast of tabernacles begins, and continues eight days, concluding with the feast of the rejoicing over the law. The New Year's day is also called the day of remembrance and the day of the trumpets. This festival, surrounded as it is by so many old traditions, is, as may be imagined, celebrated in a most solemn manner. The Hebrew month, Elul, which began August 22d, is a month of preparation—prayers of repentance and confessions of transgression are recited. The last week of the month is particularly observed among Hebrews; services beginning at 5 or 6 o'clock in the morning are held in the synagogues. The rain's horns are then blown, as if reminding the transgressor to cease from his wicked ways and repent.

Sunday School Anniversary.
Rev. Mr. Anderson, pastor of the Flatbush Church, extended invitations to the several Sunday Schools in the vicinity to meet at the Flatbush Church on Sunday, the 21st inst., to represent the anniversary of those Sunday Schools. The following Sunday Schools were present: Flatbush, South Flatbush, East Kingston, Glenview and Glasgow. The exercises were opened by singing "All hail the power of Jesus' name" by the schools. Next followed the reading of the scriptures by Rev. Mr. Anderson, singing by the schools, prayer by Rev. Mr. Anderson.

Rev. Mr. Anderson then read the report of the several Sunday Schools, which was as follows: Flatbush Sunday School, sixty scholars and twelve teachers; South Flatbush Sunday School, no report; East Kingston Sunday School, seventy-eight scholars, eight teachers; Glenview Sunday School, thirty scholars, seven teachers. Singing by the schools followed, after which Mr. Griffin made some stirring remarks to the children. The infant class of the East Kingston school then sang the beautiful Sunday School song entitled "Lead me to Jesus," and the Glasgow school also sang a sweet hymn.

Rev. Mr. Anderson, founding his discourse on Ecclesiastes IX, 10, "Whatever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might," then gave a most forcible, interesting and instructive address to the children, keeping their attention for about twenty minutes, after which the schools sang that exquisite song "The beautiful river," when, after singing the doxology, the assembly was dismissed with the benediction.

Crispell's Reception.
Sol D. Crispell & Sons, the grape raisers and dealers, had a visit on Sunday morning about two o'clock from four grape thieves, but Sol was ready for the occasion. He and his sons take turns nights in watching the vineyards and it was his watch from midnight until morning; consequently he was on hand to receive them, and a warm reception he gave them. They had just commenced operations when Sol shook hands with them with a lot of heavy looking clubs, which sent them bounding down the mountain at a two minute rate. Sol says he never saw such running before. One of the party leaped twenty-four feet in a single bound and slid about ten feet farther without stopping and then landed in a bramble bush, from which forthwith issued most execrating yells. Sol intimates that he will make a present of a fine box of grapes to the doctor who will report the dressing of the wound to him. Some of the party are known and will the proper time will be brought to justice. Some of them are supposed to reside in Kingston and it will be comforting to them and all others similarly inclined to know that Sol is always ready to receive them, but they had best settle their worldly affairs before they start for Hurley, for they may encounter heavier clubs of cold lead than were administered at the last reception. The boys have been told that either of them can cut the bushes at 250 cents, and if the money is paid, the boys don't let it let them visit them in the manner aforesaid in grape time.

Rather Close.
There is a wealthy gentleman who resides above Edlyville who is an eccentric individual, to say the least, though many may suspect his eccentricities pure stinginess. A short time ago there was a Sunday School excursion from that part of the county, and this gentleman bought two tickets, one for himself and one for his son. When it came time to go aboard the excursion boat, the father claimed he was leader of a bible class, and so was allowed to go aboard without a demand for his ticket. A few days after this the gentleman came to Edlyville with his ticket and going to Connolly's demanded his money back. He was referred to the different officers of the Sunday School, and finally the Treasurer was sent for. Of course this gentleman refused to back the ticket or refund the money, and now that man is very mad, and swears he will sue the whole Sunday School but what he will recover his money back. It is said this is the same man who stopped a whole funeral procession one day in order to pick up a horse-shoe that had been dropped in the road.

Personal.
F. Ashbury All, cashier of Jay Cooke & Co.'s New York house, was in this city Sunday. John McCannell had accepted the position of clerk in the office of Hiram Rogers, the insurance and real estate agent.

Mr. J. Halloran, a brother of our townsman, D. J. Halloran, sailed for Rome on Saturday. He spent part of his vacation in this city. He will study for the Church in the Propaganda.

A. M. Althaus, Superintendent of the Delaware & Hudson Canal, is in town. He is accompanied by Rev. D. J. Corkery. They have a short vacation.

RIVER NOTES.

A boy named Isaac Holbrook had the bones of his forearm almost completely denuded of flesh while at work on the island between Croton and Schoharie recently. He was gaged in hatching broom brush and his right arm was caught in the machine. Dr. Mosher was called to attend him and after dressing the wound sent him to the Albany hospital.

Runaway Accidents.

While Simon Schoonmaker of Allgerville was driving his team attached to a light wagon loaded with groceries around the corner of St. James and East Front streets, on Monday, the pole broke, which caused the team to jump on one side and run against a tree. The owner and another gentleman sprang from the wagon and caught the team by the head, but the animals kicked so one of them was loosened and ran down the street. He was not stopped until he reached the Wallkill Valley Railroad depot. Neither of the animals were seriously injured.

Henry Johnson, who drives for Wm. H. Van Etten, came through Wall street Monday afternoon with his wagon loaded with a large stone; the stone came in contact with the wagon of Isaac Signor that was standing in front of Merrill's store and turned it over. The team which was attached to it became terribly frightened, but were caught before any damage was done save the breaking of the pole.

Republican Delegates.

The Republican Assembly Convention, First District, met at the Phoenix Hotel, Saugerties, Monday afternoon. There were present twelve delegates and the session was a quiet one, with the exception of a lively little contest for delegate to the Judiciary Convention, there being two candidates—Egbert Whitaker and Peter Cantino. The following were elected delegates to the State Convention, at Utica, on the 24th inst.: Robert A. Snyder, of Saugerties; Clifford Coddington and James H. Everett, of Kingston. These delegates were instructed by the Convention to introduce the name of Judson A. Waterbury for Inspector of State Prisons. Egbert Whitaker was then chosen as a delegate to the Judiciary Convention.

The Republicans of the Second Assembly Convention have elected as delegates to the State Convention Thos. H. Dr. Wile and H. C. Connolly.

Tides.

High Water at Rondout Light House to-day at 2:30 P. M. and 3 A. M.

Tows.

The following were yesterday's tows:
Steamer G. A. Hoyt—lugs barges Sam. Schuyler, R. Parker, barges Silver Cloud, Tacoma, Washburn, Matineau, boats Passaic, O. Norton, Bella, Monitor for New York.
Steamer Oswego—Schooner Alameda, 10 Del. & Had. Co's boats, boat J. D. Sawyer from Poughkeepsie.
Steamer Pittston—Boats James G. Lindsay, 6 Del. & Had. Co's boats, 10 Penn. Co's boats for Newburgh.
Steamer Herald—Barges J. C. Weyman, Petrol, Gen. Worth, boats Mohawk S. Mohawk K. Chas. Freeman, Mechanic, J. F. Morton, Hank and Jimmie, J. F. Betz, J. B. Edwards, 1 Del. & Had. Co's boats for Albany.
Steamer Columbia—Barge R. R. No. 81, boat W. B. Snyder, 8 Del. & Had. Co's boats, 5 Penn. Co's boats for Hudson.
Up tows from New York:
Steamers A. B. Valentine and Marshall—Boats Matineau, Banker to Poughkeepsie, Ork from Hastings, Curtis from Haverstraw, Del. & Had. Co's boats.

A Buffalo Ghost.

It isn't the apparition of a defunct quadruped of the bison species that we mean, however horrible a species that might be, but the shade of a human being—a very deep shade, indeed, inasmuch as the ghost, ghostess or whatever it is true gender, appears in a uniform deeply, intensely black. A young lady, a resident of Buffalo, but lately visiting this city, tells the tale of a sensation that keeps the good people of that busy town awake at nights and sends shudders of terror through the female nerves, so that it is now an almost unheard of thing and generally considered a reckless piece of business for a young woman to venture in the streets after nightfall unattended by a young man, even only to go across the street to talk with dear Jimmie Ann about the latest thing in crimping pins, the newest style of screwing up the hair, the sweetest new jockey hats and who is now adorning Julia Jones, next door, that horrible mix.

We haven't read the Buffalo papers much lately, but it must be fearful, the rumour it makes there. It goes about dressed in female gear, wearing long black robes and in one hand carrying a dagger, while through the draperies of its face peer awful eyes that fasten on one's soul and inspire a feeling in every way anomalous to that one feels while sitting on a rock with the thermometer at zero and some one pouring ice-cold water down their back, only more so—oh-h-h-h! Then this thing, she, or it—goes about and looks in people's windows and stares at Angela and Anselmus in the parlor and Biddy and Pat in the kitchen, and makes them warm toward each other with an intensity of interest that causes them to assume close relative positions. Then the shade squats itself on the doorposts and contemplates the improvements going on with a friendly eye and frightens the man of the house so when he comes home that he goes around to the back door and tumbles into bed with his boots on. The police have made movements on this mysterious object, but none of them have yet had the courage to openly attack it, and though the police force has been doubled on that beat yet the ghost roams about at its own sweet will, untrammelled and fearless.

What it is and what it is trying to accomplish is the mystery that troubles the Buffaloes. The sensitive, scary people believe it is one of our real, sure-enough ghosts, while profane and nerveless men are wicked enough to declare that it is a man who has his headquarters in a church steeple, where he regulates himself on substantial fare and humanizing lager beer, etc., and sallies forth in ghostly rig at night. Further news from Buffalo is awaited with interest.

A Romantic Adventure.

Sunday morning was a most lovely day, and just as the air was most balmy the ex-Superintendent of Esopus county, who is now at home for his customary stroll. As he stepped upon the piazza to give the last twist to his blue silk necktie, his eye with rapid glance took in the creek and its borders, and there gazed down his throat a gentle chirp of satisfaction. But he passed on into the grassy lands of Blightburgh, fair village of the 'tother shore, and he meditatively roamed through the village and out into the country. He smiled the air slightly perfumed from the stray patches of asphodel yielding their fragrance to the corkerous influence of the sun; and his eye caught the gossamer clouds that in fleecy bits dotted the sky, and the farther on he strolled the more satisfied he became that it was a "mighty fine day." And Morgan was right.

Henry Johnson, who drives for Wm. H. Van Etten, came through Wall street Monday afternoon with his wagon loaded with a large stone; the stone came in contact with the wagon of Isaac Signor that was standing in front of Merrill's store and turned it over. The team which was attached to it became terribly frightened, but were caught before any damage was done save the breaking of the pole.

He had wandered in this way for some time without anything occurring to interrupt the flow of his thoughts, which rippled over the panic and tumbled over county matters, and circumscribed the "Third Term" in a highly suggestive style, until as he passed under a tree some twigs dropped upon his hat. His first thoughts were of a balloon, and he gazed into the blue empyrean, knowing no

North, no South, no East, no West, in his eager search. But neither Wise nor Donaldson nor King had been pitching pennies at his white hat, so he finally concluded to look up in the tree. At first he could not believe his eyes, but after squinting and peering and staring upward for some minutes, he at last was forced to bring down his head and pain upon his knee, and there was fairly wrung from him the remark, "but true—I swear, it is a gall!" And there she sat, swaying to and fro upon that limb, toying with her tresses with one hand, while with the other she gently chuckled ever and anon with startling accuracy a bit of bark upon the nose of the upward squinting Superior. And as he gazed he wondered, for he remembered that erst while escaping from the legislative hall he jumped into a tree it required the utmost agility and skill, and he was bothered by no skirts or bustle, having left them at home with his better half; and yet here was a maiden calmly swinging on a bough forty feet in the air, with the lowest limb (of the tree) fifteen feet from the ground. Curiosity preyed upon his vitals, until at last the inquiry was wrung from him—"Gentle maiden, by-the-by, how did you get up there?" But the maiden fairly, swaying to and fro, still twining her tresses in her lively white fingers, still tossing chips at the upstart nose, whispered not a word. Whereat the Superior felt his temper rise, and hot words came into his mouth, but he controlled himself, and he mildly remarked, "I say, my girl, you'd better come down!" Whereat the gentle maiden, forty feet in the air, chirped a silvery chuckle, and just as a little chip fell plump into the receptive lap of the gazing chin of the Superior, she calmly observed—"Mind your own business, old man!" The answer hurt his feelings; and he turned away in wrath and disgust, but contrived to ejaculate—"I'll tell you mother!" But as he moved on down the lane there came the taunting, ringing reply, "Tell away! Tell away!" And as he turned for a last look, there sat the gentle maiden, upon the topmost limb swaying, with her tresses toying, and chucking chips as if at his nose, still upward toward her. And Morgan moved away sorrowful, and he said, "She's no better than she ought to be!"

Attention, Sir Knights!!

The members of Rondout Commandery No. 32, Knights Templar, will meet at their rooms Wednesday evening, 24th inst., at 7 o'clock sharp.

A. A. CROSBY, E. C.

Here We are Again!!!

A grand dance will be held at the City Hotel this (Tuesday) evening. Come one, come all and have a good time. Excellent music in attendance.

F. J. OPRAY.

Headquarters Wiltwyck Guard.

The members of this company who intend to take part in the Target Excursion to Poughkeepsie, Sept. 30th, are requested to report for drill at Voorhees Hall every evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. All persons desiring to join the company on the excursion will please report in person at the drill room on said evenings that their names may be properly entered. By order of

A. TANKER, Captain.

The store of Isidore Forst will be closed from Monday until Tuesday evening on account of the holidays.

ISIDORE FORST.

Soda, Kissinger and Vichy Water on Draught.

Just received at KNAPP'S Drug Store, next door to the Postoffice, Garden street, Rondout.

The cheapest place to buy COMFORTERS is at Isidore Forst's, Abel street.

Notice.

Mr. Charles J. Grass, the eminent Piano Tuner, etc., with Messrs. Knabe & Co. and Bauer & Co., 112 Fifth Avenue, New York, will arrive in Kingston this week to put up and tune pianos. Parties wishing their pianos properly attended will find it to their interest by leaving their orders for Mr. Grass immediately with Winter Bros. Music and Miscellaneous Warehouses.

Dancing Class.

Mr. T. C. Fanning's dancing classes, Kingston. Lists for subscription for afternoon and evening classes are at the store of the Messrs. Winter at Rondout and Kingston. If a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained immediately the classes will be taught. The expense and time in forming these classes renders it necessary that the subscription lists should be made up. All interested are requested to subscribe.

Just received a choice lot of FOUNTAIN CALLERS at I. Forst's, Abel street.

Store Closing.

S. Weiner informs the public that his store will be closed on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 22d and 23d, on account of holidays. Leave your orders at C. L. Edmonds', next door.

Pianos.

I am prepared to furnish Pianos and Organs of any manufacturer at a reduced price; also second-hand Pianos for sale or rent.

E. WINTER, Book and Music Store, Music Hall, Kingston.

The Simple Reason why Hand Sapolio is the best article in the world for the constant use of all classes of people, is because it will do what no other substance will, as follows:

MECHANICS.—Will entirely remove tar, paint and varnish from the clothing and hands. WORKMEN.—Will take the place of powders and cosmetics for beautifying the complexion, and will render the hands white and soft, no matter how much they are used. EVERYBODY.—It is the best article in the world for removing all cutaneous blemishes from the skin, and rendering it white, beautiful, and natural in color. In price cheaper than soap—only 10 and 15 cents a cake, according to size.

Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.

"It works like a charm" for curing headache, cold in the head, catarrhal difficulties, neuralgia, rheumatism, soreness of the chest or side, Sitch in the back, and any lameness. Try it. Sold by R. Deyo and all druggists in Rondout and Kingston.

DR. WINTER'S WILD CHERRY BALM.—This Balsamic compound has become a household fixture. Let all who suffer, and there is room at present to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the name of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

Notice.

The members of the Second Ward Social Club are requested to meet at the Second Ward House on Saturday evening, Sept. 27th, at 8 o'clock sharp. By order of

WILLIAM KELLY, Chairman Pro Tem.

Kingston Coal Depot.

D. C. Overbaugh is still selling Lackawanna Coal at the following prices: All screened and honest weight given:
Screened coal yard \$7.50 Delivered \$7.50
Cheapest, 6 00 " 7.50
Eggs, 7 50 " 7.50
Grates, 6 50 " 7.50

Yard central part of the City, on Union Avenue.

D. C. Overbaugh has established a branch coal office in North Front Street, near Wall, at the office of the A. M. U. Express Co. Mr. Rawson is his agent. All orders left with him will be promptly filled.

D. C. OVERBAUGH.

Cheese.

Old Government Java Coffee for 38 cts. per pound at the Kingston Tea Store, St. James street.

\$100 REWARD.—There are so many traveling humbug doctors running over the country advertising false testimonials and letters of recommendation, generally many hundred of miles away, therefore to prove the genuineness of Dr. Geo. W. Carroll, Sen., the old German Doctor, there is a reward of \$100 for every valid of his testimony, which is given up by him. Every one interested can easily correspond with any of the parties named in his circulars. Call on him.

DR. G. W. CARROLL, SEN., at St. James street.

LOST.—Somewhere in Rondout, probably near the railroad bridge head of Hudson Avenue, on Saturday afternoon last, a water-proof cap. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at The Freeman office.

COLT FOR SALE.—Jas. Vredenburg, Ontario, U. S. A., offers for sale a pair of COLT'S REVOLVERS. It has been trotted in 2:25 and the colt in 2:15.

Carolina Sweets.

Carolina Sweets received every other day from the Carolinas, shipped direct, and sold at wholesale cheaper than by any other firm in this city, by M. McBRITT & SON, 14 Wall St., Kingston, and in Rondout by C. STODDARD, opposite Rumer & Trempers Store House.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.—In consequence of the late fire we are in pressing need of funds. We trust all our customers will settle their accounts with us without delay.

RICHARD JONES & CO.

APPLES! APPLES!—50 barrels CHOICE FALL APPLES this day received.

GE. B. HIBBARD.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The desirable property of Mrs. Murray, situated on the eastern side of Albany Avenue near the residence of General Smith, Pleasant Grove, immediately. Inquire of D. E. KEYSER, Kingston street.

NOTICE.—My Clothing House at 96 and 98 North Front Street, between Wall and Fair streets upper part, will be closed on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 22d and 23d, on account of my having to attend to my family.

LOUIS ELLING, Proprietor.

POTATOES. Western New York Apples, and North Carolina Sweets, ways on hand by

RONDOUT, Sept. 15, 1873.

GE. B. HIBBARD.

FOR SALE.—A PILLS DRIVER in good order, will sell cheap. Also, Canvas, and all kinds of utensils for Farmers and household use, at a very reasonable price. The highest CASH PRICE paid for iron, rope and metal of all kinds.

L. BACHARACH, Garden and Ferry street.

TWO HOUSES AND LOT FOR SALE.—The property occupied by me on Home street, Rondout, N. Y. For price, etc., apply to the subscriber.

WM. WINTER.

TO LET.—Near the Wallkill Depot. Two Rooms suitable for Miller, Dress-Maker or Office. Also a large basement, suitable for Furniture, or business requiring easy entrance and much light.

FOR SALE.—A small dwelling, lot 50x90. Price \$800; centrally located. ADRIAN SMITH.

HAIR SWITCHES.—Genuine French Pelletier Hair Switches at \$2, \$3 and \$4 per dozen. Also, Hair Pins, combs, and all kinds of hair ornaments. Orders made up from 50 cents to 75 cents per ounce at A. PEEZ'S old stand, Mansion House, Rondout.

DRUG STORE FIXTURES.—Splendid opportunity for any person desiring to purchase a complete set of DRUG FIXTURES, including, COFFERS, SHOW CASES, DRAWERS, SCALES, WEIGHTS, MEDICINE JARS of all kinds and sizes. Everything is complete order for the furnishing of a Drug Store. Terms easy. Apply to A. J. MELLON, Kingston, N. Y.

ULSTER COUNTY.

TEA EMPORIUM,

Groceries and Provisions, BOOTS & SHOES, —AND THE— American Ex. Co.'s Office.

D. C. REID

HAVING LEASED THE OLD STAND OF HENRY HOUSE & CO., CORNER OF

DIVISION & MILL STREETS,

HAS ON HAND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FIRST-CLASS

TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, CANNED FRUITS, PRIME BUTTER, CHEESE, IMPORTED PICKLES AND FANCY GROCERIES OF ALL KIND.

ALSO A GOOD STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

Men's, Women's and Children's wear, a full line of the REYNOLDS CELEBRATED SHOES kept on hand. Orders called for and goods delivered in any part of the city of charge.

D. C. REID.

SUPREME COURT.—County of Ulster.

In pursuance of an order or judgment of the Supreme Court made in the above entitled cause on the 4th day of July, A. D. 1873, will be sold by or under the direction of the auctioneer, before the court, at public auction, at the Mansion House, in Rondout, in the County of Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y., on Friday, the 26th day of September, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the premises which in said judgment are described as follows, viz: "All that certain parcel of land in Rondout, in the County of Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y., being in front one hundred and fourteen feet, in rear one hundred and eleven feet and one hundred feet deep, and bounded in front on a lot owned by R. Deyo, and on the western side by R. Deyo's street, said premises being more particularly known as part of the premises owned by R. Deyo, and being the same premises conveyed by Robert Bernhart to Hannah Butler on the 2nd day of January, 1862."

DAVID R. PALMER, Referee.

THE BEST

Base Burners

IN MARKET.

MORNING GLORY,

BRILLIANT,

ANTI CLINKER,

RADIANT HOME,

AMERICA,

SUPERIOR,

ALL RIGHT,

FIRE BASKET,

ALASKA.

FOR SALE BY

P. A. CANFIELD,

FERRY & GARDEN STREETS,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

LE

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Tuesday Morning, Sept. 23.

Correspondents will please direct their letters to Roundout Post Office, N. Y.

The Freeman is published every morning except on Sunday and holidays. It is published at the office of the publisher, Mr. J. H. Smith, at the corner of Main and Second streets, Kingston, N. Y. All communications should be addressed to the publisher.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CITY NOTES.

Wanted—some second-hand iron pipe. Apply at this office.

We are much obliged to Purser Hathaway for a package of late Savannah papers.

Summer rigs getting unseasonable. White vests and dresses called in. Light overcoats called out.

A market gardener we know of weeps tears of joy over the abundance of his onion crop.

The people crowded so around The Freeman bulletin board, Monday afternoon, it came near blocking up the walk.

A lady who does not desire her name seen in print had a white and black silk skirt spoiled on Sunday afternoon by some ruffian spilling tobacco juice on it. That man would be a good one to interview with a club.

While passing through O'Reilly's woods on Saturday night a woman's voice, in the last up street car, was heard to exclaim, "don't you fool around there! I carry a pistol in my pocket."

Chase prospectively inclined good fishing off the docks in front of the city. On Monday a couple of chaps captured a string of striped bass which measured about two feet in length.

The latest thing in ladies' rigs is a new style of waist, which is black, while the arms and back of the dress is generally of light material. The effect is novel, if not pretty, and it might with propriety be called the turtle style.

"The Champion London Show" has been located on the city lot in Division street for several days. The tent is the largest part of the show. The erior of the concern has lungs of more than one horse power.

Mr. A. A. Crosby has erected a fine flag-staff on his lot in Abel street. It is sixty-six feet high, with top-mast straight as a rod. The flag was flying for the first on Monday.

Two cases of scandal are making considerable talk downtown. One of the parties is a feather-bed renovator chap and a matron somewhat advanced in years, and the other a young husband and a young lady.

One of The Freeman carrier boys came near killing Charlie, beside drowning himself, on Monday morning. He plunged off the dock, and then went to the office for instructions and was such a ludicrous object Charlie had like to "die a laughing."

The change of color in the leaves of the trees up town has also brought a change in the color of the outer garments of the ladies. These bright colors are very pleasant to look upon, as well as the bright color (we came near saying autumn color) in their cheeks.

Rev. G. C. Eray, of this city and of The Freeman corps, has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the Rhinebeck M. E. Church from the 1st of October till the meeting of Conference. Rev. Mr. Hunt will attend to the pastoral work.

Railroad Meeting.

The Directors of the N. Y. & S. R. R. Co. held a meeting Monday night. It was the general impression among the outside public that something decisive would come out of the meeting, but we could not learn that anything of special consequence transpired. The affairs of the company are reported to be in a bad way.

Collision on the Hudson.

Some time Friday night the steambot "Thomas Powell" collided with the barge "Keyston" at the four mile point, north of Hudson, sinking the barge. The barge was loaded with men, chandise, and the boat itself was valued at \$5,000. It is hardly probable that the barge has been completely wrecked and the loss may not exceed \$5,000 or \$10,000.

The Beaverkill Civil Damage Case.

The civil damage case of Beaverkill, Forbes agt. Bush and Hoyer, came up for trial one more before the court at the "boken last Saturday. A jury had been impanelled and were in waiting, but the defendant wanted an adjournment, and the justice gave it to him. The array of legal talent, so far at least as numbers are concerned, was heavy. The names of the attorneys are Gideon H. Van Ness, A. Fowler, James M. Van Wageningen, Bejamin Turner, Jr., and Moses Conger. The case was adjourned until Nov. 22, 1873, at 9 A. M. at the hotel of C. B. Bishop in the village of Shokan.

The Excursion.

On Thursday the excursion of St. Mary's Church takes place. It will be a large one, for a great many tickets have been sold. If it be a fine day, there is no doubt that it will be enjoyed; Goethe's music will keep them in good spirits during the sail down to the Highlands and back. The people from Stony Hollow and the country can be in time by taking the morning train, which arrives in good season, and they will receive a welcome when they come.

Tax on Carpets.

Mr. James Barnes, since Mr. Dwyer Dubois has gone out of the business, will put down carpets, help move furniture, &c., &c., as Mr. Dubois used to. He will be glad to receive orders. However much merchants may put down to suit his customers. The tacks he puts on them is "personal," but does not show on the tax roll. It is good to have barns around a house.

Specimens for Sale.

Among the things by the panic is the Kingston Pool, composed of H. G. Crouch, John C. Broadhead, J. A. Newton, William Lounsbury, James Van Buren. They have been bitten heavily on various stocks. Crouch is said to have lost heavily. Broadhead has been bitten badly. His loss was mainly, if not entirely, of somebody else's funds.

Our Home Artist.

Mr. John Vandenberg, Jr., our home artist, has lately been doing excellent work in the portrait line, and has been making a few fruit-pieces which challenge attention. Mr. Vandenberg will paint fruit-pieces to order or will sell one of those he "has recently made." We have had the pleasure of seeing these recently made and can testify to them, "remarkable excellence. They represent a collection of apples, pears, oranges, lemons and so forth, with a greening at the top. The fruit looks as natural and as shining as though it had just been wiped off with a towel and nicely arranged upon a plate. There can be nothing more appropriate for a handsome dining-room than a well-painted fruit-piece, and Mr. Vandenberg, if the demand were as great as the need, would have been able to keep up with the orders for his really good fruit-pictures, for we know of no artist who paints the like. In portraits he is better than the others. In portraits he has lately painted those of Mr. and Mrs. Weiner, of John R. Cole and wife, of Mrs. Charles Dero, of Matthew Oliver, of Dr. Oliver and the late Mrs. Oliver, and of Mrs. Rogers and Mrs. Jones. All are excellent, like those and are prized and admired by all owners and their friends.

THE FINANCIAL POSITION.

Special Dispatch.

By the courtesy of Gen. George H. Sharpe we are enabled to publish the following dispatch from Col. Arthur, from which it will be seen the situation is decidedly better, the heavy sales of bonds representing a vast amount of relief to business circles:

New York, Sept. 22—10:25 A. M.

Gen. Geo. H. Sharpe: The financial situation is much improved. Treasurer Hillhouse has paid out over nine millions currency for bonds and otherwise. C. A. ARTHUR.

The Jewish New Year.

The New Year of the Israelites began yesterday and it was duly celebrated by our Jewish citizens in the usual way, all business being suspended and the time devoted to religious exercises and festivities. The congregations of both Jewish societies in our city attended the services appropriate to the occasion held at the synagogues, and the streets were filled with promenaders dressed in holiday attire and wearing pleasant, happy faces.

Sunday school children, and some of the young maidens, handsomely and stylishly dressed, that on Monday brightened our thoroughfares. The beautiful weather was just right for promenading and the young people took advantage of it.

This is the year 5634 according to the Hebrew chronology, and the New Year, as customary, is celebrated by a two days' festival of abstinence, consequently the business places of our Jewish merchants will not be opened until to-day at sundown. The new year begins with this feast, although the civil year begins with the first month, Nisan, dating from the day when the Hebrew race gained its freedom under Pharaoh and became a nation.

The month of Tishri is denominated by the Hebrew writers as the holy month, and some of the greatest festivals take place in the four weeks of that month. Following the New Year are the days of repentance, which are preparatory to the day of atonement, which is solemnized on the 10th of the month. On the 14th day of the month the feast of tabernacles begins, and continues eight days, concluding with the feast of the rejoicing over the law. The New Year's day is also called the day of remembrance and the day of the trumpets. This festival, surrounded as it is by so many awful traditions, is, as may be imagined, celebrated in a most solemn manner. The Hebrew month, Elul, which began August 22d, is a month of preparation—prayers of repentance and confessions of transgression are recited. The last week of the month is particularly observed as a solemn fast; services beginning at 5 or 6 o'clock in the morning are held in the synagogues. The ram's horn is then blown, as if reminding the transgressor to cease from his wicked ways and repent.

Sunday School Anniversary.

Rev. Mr. Anderson, pastor of the Flatbush Church, extended invitations to the several Sunday Schools in the vicinity to meet at the Flatbush Church on Sunday, the 21st inst., that being the anniversary of those Sunday Schools. The following Sunday Schools were represented: Flatbush, South Flatbush, East Kingston, Glencliff and Glisco.

The exercises were opened by singing "All hail the power of Jesus' name," by the schools. Next followed the reading of the scriptures by Rev. Mr. Anderson, singing by the schools, prayer by Rev. Mr. Anderson.

Rev. Mr. Anderson then read the report of the several Sunday Schools, which was as follows: Flatbush Sunday School, sixty scholars and twelve teachers; South Flatbush Sunday School, no report; East Kingston Sunday School, seventy-eight scholars, eight teachers; Glencliff Sunday School, seventy scholars, fifteen teachers; Glisco Sunday School, thirty scholars, seven teachers. Singing by the schools followed, after which Mr. Griffin made some stirring remarks to the children. The infant class of the East Kingston school then sang the beautiful Sunday School song entitled "Lead me to Jesus," and the Glisco school sang a sweet hymn.

Rev. Mr. Anderson, founding his discourse on Ecclesiastes IX, 10, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might," then gave a most forcible, interesting and instructive address to the children, keeping their attention for about twenty minutes, after which the schools sang that exquisite song "The beautiful life," when, after singing the doxology, the assembly was dismissed with the benediction.

Crispell's Reception.

Sol D. Crispell & Sons, the grape raisers and dealers, had a visit on Sunday morning about two o'clock from four grape thieves, but Sol was ready for the occasion. He and his sons take turns nights in watching the vineyards and it was his watch from midnight until morning, and then landed in a brandy bush, from which forthwith issued most execrable yells. Sol intimates that he will make a present of a fine box of grapes to the doctor who will report the dressing of the wound to him. Some of the party are known and at the proper time will be brought to justice. Some of them are supposed to reside in Kingston and it will be interesting to them and all others similarly inclined to know that Sol is always ready to receive them, but they had best settle their worldly affairs before they start for Hurley, for they may encounter heavier charges of cold lead than were administered at the last reception. The boys have the first watch. Either of them can cut the bulleye at 250 paces, and if the midnight visitors don't believe it let them visit them in the manner aforesaid in grape time.

Rather Close.

There is a wealthy gentleman who resides about Edlyville who is an eccentric individual, to say the least, though many may suppose his eccentricities pure stupidity. A short time ago there was a Sunday School excursion from that part of the county, and this gentleman bought two tickets, one for himself and one for his son. When it came time to go aboard the excursion boat, the father claimed he was leader of a bible class, and so was allowed to go aboard without a demand for his ticket. A few days after this the gentleman came to Edlyville with his ticket and found to Connolly's demand his money back. He was referred to the directors of the Sunday School, and finally the Treasurer was taken back the ticket or remit the money, and now that man is very mad, and swears he will see the whole Sunday School but what he will recover his money back. It is said this is the same man who stopped a whole funeral procession one day in order to pick up a horse-shoe that had been dropped in the road.

Personal.

F. Ashbury All, cashier of Jay Cooke & Co.'s New York house, was in this city Sunday. John McCausland has accepted the position of clerk in the office of Hiram Roscoe, the insurance and real estate agent.

Mr. Peter Halloran, a brother of our townsman, D. Halloran, sailed for Rome on Saturday. He spent part of his vacation in this city. He will study for the Church in the Propaganda.

A. M. Atkinson, Superintendent of the Delaware & Hudson Canal, is in town.

Rev. Father Corley is in town. He is accompanied by Rev. D. J. Corkery. They have a short vacation.

RIVER NOTES.

A boy named Isaac Holbrook had the bones of his forearm almost completely denuded of flesh while at work on the island between Cayman and Schockel recently. He was engaged in hatching broom brush and his right arm was caught in the machine. Dr. Mosher was called to attend him and after dressing the wound sent him to the Albany hospital.

Runaway Accidents.

While Simon Schoemaker of Allgerville was driving his team attached to a light wagon loaded with groceries around the corner of St. James and East Front streets, on Monday, the pole broke, which caused the team to jump on one side and run against a tree. The owner and another gentleman sprang from the wagon and caught the team by the head, but the animals kicked as one of them was loosened and ran down the street. He was not stopped until he reached the Wallkill Valley Railway depot. Neither of the animals were seriously injured.

Henry Johnson, who drives for Wm. H. Van Etten, came through Wall Street Monday afternoon with his wagon loaded with a large stone; the stone came in contact with the wagon of Isaac Signor that was standing in front of Merrill's store and turned it over. The team which was attached to it became terribly frightened, but were caught before any damage was done save the breaking of the pole.

Republican Delegates.

The Republican Assembly Convention, First District, met at the Phoenix Hotel, Saugerties, Monday afternoon. There were present twelve delegates and the session was a quiet one, with the exception of a lively little contest for delegate to the Judiciary Convention, there being two candidates—Egbert Whitaker and Peter Cantline. The following were elected delegates to the State Convention, at Ulster, N. Y.: Robert A. Snyder, of Saugerties; Clifford Coddington and James H. Everett, of Kingston. These delegates were instructed by the Convention to introduce the name of Judson A. Waterbury for Inspector of State Prisons. Egbert Whitaker was then chosen as a delegate to the Judiciary Convention.

The Republicans of the Second Assembly Convention have elected as delegates to the State Convention Thad. Hall, Dr. Wile and H. C. Connelly.

Tides.

High Water at Roundout Light House to-day at 2:30 P. M. and 3 A. M.

Tows.

The following were yesterday's tows:

Steamer G. A. Hoyt—Ice barges Sam. Sawyer, R. M. Sawyer, barges Silver Cloud, Tacoma, Washburn, Matineuk, boats Passaic, F. O. Norton, Bella, Monitor for New York.

Steamer Oswego—Schooner Almada, 10 Del. & Hud. Co.'s boats, boat J. D. Sawyer from Poughkeepsie.

Steamer Pittston—Boats James G. Lindsay, Del. & Hud. Co.'s boats, 19 Penn. Co.'s boats for Newburgh.

Steamer Herald—Barges J. C. Weyman, Petrol, Gen. Worth, boats Mohawk S. M. Mohawk, Chas. Freeman, Mechanic, J. F. Morton, Hank and Jimmie, J. F. Betz, J. B. Edwards, 1 Del. & Hud. Co.'s boat for Albany.

Steamer Columbia—Barge R. R. No. 81, boat W. B. Sawyer, 8 Del. & Hud. Co.'s boats, 6 Penn. Co.'s boats for Hudson.

Up tows from New York:

Steamers A. B. Valentine and Marshall—Boats Mohawk, Banker to Poughkeepsie, Orb from Hastings, Curtis from Haverstraw, Del. & Hud. Co.'s boats.

A Buffalo Ghost.

If it's the apparition of a defunct quadruped of the bison species that we mean, however horrible the specter that might be, but the shade of a human being—a very deep shade, indeed, inasmuch as the ghost, ghostly or whatever be its true name, appears in a uniform deeply, intensely black. A young lady, a resident of Buffalo, but lately visiting this city, tells the tale of a sensation that keeps the good people of that busy town awake at night and sends shudders of terror through the female nerves, so that it is now an almost unbroken thread of the Messrs. Winters at Roundout and Kingston. If a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained immediately the classes will be taught. The expense and time in forming these classes necessarily that the subscription lists should be made up. All interested are requested to subscribe.

Just received a choice lot of POUND CALLI-COS at J. Forst's, Abel street.

Store Closing.

S. Weiner informs the public that his store will be closed on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 23 and 24, on account of holidays. Leave your orders at C. L. Edmunds', next door.

Pianos.

I am prepared to furnish Pianos and Organs of any manufacturer at a reduced price; also second-hand Pianos for sale or repair.

E. WINTER, Book and Music Store, Music Hall, Kingston.

The Simple Reason why Hand Sapolio is the best article in the world for the constant use of all classes of people, is because it will do what no other substance will, as follows:

MECHANICS.—Will entirely remove tar, paint and varnish from the clothing and hands.

WORKING WOMEN.—It will take the place of powders and cosmetics for beautifying the complexion, and will render the hands white and soft, no matter how much they are used.

EVERYBODY.—It is the best article in the world for removing all cutaneous blemishes from the skin, and rendering it white, beautiful, and natural in color. In price cheaper than soap—only 10 and 15 cents a cake, according to size.

Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil. "It works like a charm" for curing headache, cold in the head, catarrhal discharges, neuralgia, rheumatism, soreness of the chest or side, stitch in the back, or any lameness. Try it. Sold by R. Deyo and all druggists in Roundout and Kingston.

Dr. WINTER'S WILD CHERRY BALM.—This Balmic compound once became a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchitis or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

Notice.

The members of the Second Ward Social Club are requested to meet at the Second Ward House on Saturday evening, Sept. 27th, at 8 o'clock sharp. By order of WILLIAM KELLY, Chairman Pro Tem.

Kingston Coal Depot.

D. C. Overbaugh is still selling Lackawanna Coal at the following prices: all screened and honest weight given:

Store coal at yard \$7.00 Delivered \$7.50, Chestnut, " 6.00 " 6.50, Eagle, " 7.00 " 7.50, Grate, " 6.50 " 7.00.

Overbaud central part of the City, on Union Avenue.

D. C. Overbaugh has established a branch coal office in North Front Street, near Wall, at the office of the A. M. U. Express Co.

Mr. Rawson is his agent. All orders left with him will be promptly filled.

D. C. OVERBAUGH.

North, no South, no East, no West, to his eager search.

But neither Wise nor Donaldson nor King had been pitching pennies at his white hat, so he finally concluded to look up in the tree. At first he could not believe his eyes, but after squinting and peering and staring upward for some minutes, he at last was forced to bring down his broad palm upon his knee, and there was fairly wrung from him the remark, plumb but true—"I saw, it's a gall!" And there she sat, swaying to and upon that limb, toying with her tresses with one hand, while with the other she gently chuckled over and anon with startling accuracy a bit of bark upon the nose of the upward springing ladder.

And he gazed he wondered, for he remembered that erst while escaping from the inquisitive bull he jumped into a tree, it required the utmost agility and skill, and he was bothered by no skirts or bustle, having left them at home with his better half; and yet here was a maiden calmly swinging on a bough forty feet in the air, with the lowest limb of the tree fifteen feet from the ground.

Curiosity preyed upon his vital, until at last the inquiry was wrung from him—"Gentle maiden, by-the-by, how did you get up there?" But the maiden fair, still swaying to and fro, still twining her tresses in her lily white fingers, still tossing chips at the uprush noise, whispered not a word.

Whereat the Supervisor felt his temper rise, and hot words came into his mouth, but he controlled himself, and he mildly remarked, "I say, my girl, you'd better come down!"

Whereat the gentle maiden, forty feet in the air, chirped a silvery chuckle, and just as a little chip fell plumb into the receptacle left by the gaping chin of the Supervisor, she calmly observed—"Mind your own business, old man!"

The supervisor felt his feelings; and he turned away in wrath and disgust, but contrived to ejaculate—"I'll tell your mother!" But as he moved on down the lane there came the taunting, ringing reply, "Tell away! Tell away!" And as he turned for a last look, there sat the gentle maiden, upon the topmost limb swinging, with her tresses twined, and chucking chips as if at his nose still up and turned toward her.

And he moved away sorrowful, and he said, "She's no better than she ought to be!"

Attention, Sir Knights!!

The members of Roundout Commandery No. 52, Knights Templar, will meet at their rooms Wednesday evening, 24th inst., at 7 o'clock sharp.

A. A. CROSBY, E. C.

Here We are Again!!

A grand dance will be held at the City Hotel this (Tuesday) evening. Come one, come all and have a good time. Excellent music in attendance.

P. J. OPRAY.

Headquarters Wittweyck Guard.

The members of this company who intend to take part in the Target Excursion to Poughkeepsie, Tuesday, Sept. 30th, are requested to report for drill at Voorhes Hall every evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. All persons desiring to join the company on the excursion will please report in person at the drill room on said evenings that their names may be properly enrolled. By order of

A. TANNER, Captain.

The store of Isidore Forst will be closed from Monday until Tuesday evening on account of the holidays.

Soda, Kissings and Vichy Water on draught.

Just received at KNAPP'S Drug Store, next door to the Postoffice, Garden street, Roundout.

The cheapest place to buy COMFORTERS is at Isidore Forst's, Abel street.

Notice.

Mr. Charles J. Grass, the eminent Piano Tuner, &c., with Messrs. Knabe & Co. and Baner & Co., 112 Fifth avenue, New York, will arrive in Kingston this week to put up new pianos; during his stay he will solicit orders for tuning, &c., &c. Parties wishing their pianos properly attended will find it to their interest by leaving their orders for Mr. Grass immediately with Winter Bros' Music and Miscellaneous Warehouses.

Dancing Class.

Mr. T. C. Fanning's dancing classes, Kingston. Lists for subscription for afternoon and evening classes are at the store of the Messrs. Winters at Roundout and Kingston. If a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained immediately the classes will be taught. The expense and time in forming these classes necessarily that the subscription lists should be made up. All interested are requested to subscribe.

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D. C. OVERBAUGH.

Chenop.

Old Government Java Coffee for 38 cts. per pound at the Kingston Tea Store, St. James street.

\$100 REWARD.—There are so many persons advertising false testimonials and letters of recommendation generally many hundreds of miles away, therefore to prove the genuineness of Dr. Geo. W. Carroll, Sr., the old husband doctor, we will reward him with a reward of \$100 for every word of his testimonials falsely gotten up by any person. Every person can easily correspond with any of the parties noticed in his circulars. Call on him.

Dr. Geo. W. CARROLL, SEN., M. D.

LOST.—Somewhere in Roundout, and probably near the railroad bridge, a black and white dog, of the name of Saturday afternoon last, a watch-proof cape. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at The Freeman office.

COLT FOR SALE.—Jas. Vreden-

den has for sale a very fine, new, and reliable 5 year old TORNADO COLT. It has trotted in 2:15 and can do it in 2:10.

Carolina Sweets.

Carolina Sweets received every other day from the Carolina, shipper direct, and sold at wholesale cheaper than by any other firm in this city. By C. M. MERRITT & SON, 16 Wall St., Kingston, and at the DELAWARE & HUDSON CANAL, opposite Foster & Trempers' Storehouse.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.—In consequence of the late fire we are in pressing need of funds. We trust all our customers will settle their accounts with us without delay.

RICHARD JONES & CO.

APPLES! APPLES!—50 barrels CHOICE FALL APPLES this week only. GEORGE B. HIBBARD.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The desirable property of Mrs. Murray, situated on the easterly side of Albany avenue near the residence of General Smith. Possession given immediately. Inquire of Dr. R. KEYSER, John street.

NOTICE.—My Clothing House at 96 and 98 North Front Street, between Wall and the 24th inst., Robert A. Snyder, of Saugerties; Clifford Coddington and James H. Everett, of Kingston. These delegates were instructed by the Convention to introduce the name of Judson A. Waterbury for Inspector of State Prisons. Egbert Whitaker was then chosen as a delegate to the Judiciary Convention.

PUTATOES, Western New York APPLES, and NORTH CAROLINA SWEETS, as usual, at very reasonable prices. The highest CASH PRICE paid for iron, rope and metal of all kinds. L. BACHARACH, Garden and Ferry street.

FOR SALE.—A PILE DRIVER in good order, will sell cheap. Also, Chain, Cables, and all kinds of utensils for Farmers' and Blacksmiths' use, at very reasonable prices. The highest CASH PRICE paid for iron, rope and metal of all kinds. L. BACHARACH, Garden and Ferry street.

